

FILE DESCRIPTION

NEW YORK FILE

SUBJECT ROSENBERG / Sobell
Committee

FILE NO. 100-107111

VOLUME NO. 32

SERIALS 1426

thru

1432

NOTICE

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File No: 100-107117Re: Rosenberg/Sobell CommitteeDate: 2/78
(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released	
1426	3/1/54	NY to HQ teletype re Julius Rosenberg	1	—	See NY 65-15348
1427	3/2/54	SAC letter to USA re Julius Rosenberg	2	—	See NY 65-15348
1428	3/3/54	PH airtel to HQ & NY	1	1	
1429	3/4/54	NY teletype to HQ re Julius Rosenberg	1	—	See NY 65-15348
1430	3/10/54	PH airtel to HQ & NY	1	1	
1431	3/10/54	MM report to HQ	7	0	
1432	3/10/54	CG report to HQ	97	5	SEE HQ FILE 65-58236

U. S. Department of Justice

(MATERIAL MUST NOT BE REMOVED FROM OR ADDED TO THIS FILE)

FEDERAL BUREAU

of

Bufile 100-387835
INVESTIGATION

*Removed per
Section 6*

Do not furnish any in-
formation from this file
to any outside agency
without the consent of
Supervisor *6*

NO INFORMATION FROM THIS
FILE SHOULD BE MADE THE
SUBJECT MATTER OF A REPORT,
MEMO OR ANY CORRESPONDENCE
IN ANOTHER INVESTIGATION
WITHOUT CLEARANCE FROM
SECTION *6*

See also Nos.

NPC General Subfile A

NPC Daily Worker Subfile B

NPC National Association Subfile C

NPC Morning Freiheit Subfile D

NPC Prosecution Summary Subfile E

24 Informants Subfile F

Miscellaneous Clippings Subfile G

N.Y. Area

*Sending
per
closed*

*(1497)
ga. Hammett*

*Section 33
Serial 1436-1438*

AIR TEL

BUREAU (REGISTERED MAIL)
NEW YORK (REGISTERED MAIL)

DIV. 1
DIV. 2
DIV. 3
DIV. 4
SEC. 1
SEC. 2
SEC. 3
SEC. 4
SEC. 5
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SEC. 16

FBI, PH 3/3/54

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG-SOBELL CASE, IS, C. DAYLET.

PH-82-S* ADVISED JEAN D. FRANTJIS, EXECUTIVE SECT., PHILA. CHAPTER OF

ABOVE COMMITTEE, HAS LEASED OFFICE SPACE IN THE ^{3RD} FLOOR OF THE SAYER

TYPEWRITER BLDG., 10TH AND CHESTNUT STS., PHILA. FRANTJIS HAD

UNSUCCESSFULLY ATTEMPTED TO OBTAIN SPACE AT A NUMBER OF OTHER LOCATIONS,

BEING REJECTED BECAUSE OF THE NOTORIETY OF THE COMMITTEE IN PHILA.

RE THIS, FRANTJIS' REQUEST FOR RESERVATION AT WHITTIER HOTEL FOR

4/30, COMMITTEE RALLY WAS REFUSED. THIS AFFAIR WOULD FEATURE A

"DRAMATIC PRESENTATION" OF "THE ROCK" FOLLOWED BY A BUFFET SUPPER.

FRANTJIS ANTICIPATES 1,000 PERSONS WOULD ATTEND PROGRAM AND APPROX.

200 PARTICIPATE IN SUPPER.

ABBATICCHIO

HAS/tgm
100-37667

cc: [REDACTED]

copy rec'd
b7c
Harington

100-107111-1428

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAR 4 1954	
FBI - NEW YORK	

rem

D.
DI
SEC.
SEC.
SEC.
SEC.

AIR TEL

BUREAU (REGISTERED MAIL)
NEW YORK (REGISTERED MAIL)

FBI, PH

3/10/54

Not Comm
100-107111

PHILA. COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG-SORKIN CASE, IS, C. 8
DAYLET. [REDACTED] ADVISED CAPTIONED COMMITTEE IS IN EXTREMELY POOR
FINANCIAL CONDITION AND MAY BE FORCED TO CONCLUDE ACTIVITIES PHILA.

AREA FOR THIS REASON. JEAN FRANTZIS, EXECUTIVE SECRETARY, CURRENTLY

[REDACTED] OF COMMITTEE [REDACTED]

INFORMANT OF OPINION COMMITTEE WILL [REDACTED] INFORMANT

SAID COMMITTEE HAS [REDACTED]

HOWEVER, BECAUSE OF ABOVE CONDITIONS,

DOUBTS ABILITY TO [REDACTED]

b7D

AFBATICCHIO

HAS/tgm
100-37667

b7D

100-107111-1430

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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MAR 11 1954	
FBI NEW YORK	

FILE # 100-107111

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL 1431 DATE 3-10-54

CONSISTING OF 7 PAGES

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.

FILE DESCRIPTION

NEW YORK FILE

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE
FILE

FILE NO. 100-107111

VOLUME NO. 33

SERIALS 1432

File No: 100-10711

1/78

No. of 1's known

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1

1432	3/10/54
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CG Report to HQ

076

BUFFLE 65-58236

FILE DESCRIPTION

NEW YORK FILE

SUBJECT NAT'L COMM. TO SECURE JUSTICE / ROSENBERG

FILE NO. 100-107111

VOLUME NO. 34

SERIALS 1432

THRU

1445

File No: 100-107111Re: NAT'L Comm. To SECURE JUSTICE/ROSENBERGDate: 1/78
(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released	
1432	3/10/54	REPORT FROM CHICAGO	97	-	See Bufile 65-58236
1433	3/10/54	SA LA RADIOGRAM TO HQ	1	1	
1434	3/3/54	LETTER FROM POST OFFICE FORWARDING 3RD PARTY LETTER TO SAC, NY	3 ENC 1	4	
1435	3/12/54	SAC, NY TELETYPE TO HQ	1	1	
1436	3/16/54	SAT TO SAC NY MEMO PRESS RELEASE "PUBLIC OPINION IN FRANCE"	1 ENC. 1	2	
1436 A	3/22/54	SA TO SAC NY MEMO CSJ/ROSENBERG	3	0	
1437	3/23/54	SAC CLEV. TO HQ	1	1	
1438	3/25/54	SA TO SAC, NY MEMO	1	1	
1439	3/25/54	SA TO SAC, NY MEMO "DEAR FRIEND" LETTER (ENC)	1 ENC 1	2	
1440	3/25/54	SA TO SAC, NY MEMO (ENC) "DEAR FRIEND" LETTER	2 ENC 1	3	
1441	3/25/54	SA TO SAC, NY MEMO ARTICLE "WHY M. SOBELL IN ALCATRAZ"	3 ENC 1	4	
1442	3/25/54	SA TO SAC, NY MEMO STATEMENT ANSWERING "TIMES" ARTICLE	2 ENC 1	3	

Date: 1/28
(month/year)

②

U. S. Department of Justice

(MATERIAL MUST NOT BE REMOVED FROM OR ADDED TO THIS FILE)

FEDERAL BUREAU

of

Ref file 100-387835
INVESTIGATION

*Renewed per
Section 6*

Do not furnish any in-
formation from this file
to any outside agency
without the consent of
Supervisor of Section 6.

FILE SHOULD BE MADE THE
SUBJECT MATTER OF A REPORT,
MEMO OR ANY CORRESPONDENCE
IN ANOTHER INVESTIGATION
WITHOUT CLEARANCE FROM
SECTION 6.

See also Nos.

NPC General Sub File A
NPC Daily Worker Sub File B
NPC National Guardian Sub File C
NPC Morning Freiheit Sub File D
Prosecutorial Summary Sub File E

all documents Sub File F

Section 34
Section 1432 (a) - 1432 (b)
Section 1432 (c) - 1432 (d)
Section 1432 (e) - 1432 (f)
Section 1432 (g) - 1432 (h)
Section 1432 (i) - 1432 (j)
Section 1432 (k) - 1432 (l)
Section 1432 (m) - 1432 (n)
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Section 1432 (s) - 1432 (t)
Section 1432 (u) - 1432 (v)
Section 1432 (w) - 1432 (x)
Section 1432 (y) - 1432 (z)

FBI RADIOGRAM

DIRECTOR, FBI
SAC, LOS ANGELES

3/10/54

SAC
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100-107111-135

ROSENBERG-SOBELL COMMITTEE, IS-C, DAYLET. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] ADVISES THAT THE ROSENBERG-SOBELL COMMITTEE IN
LA IS QUOTE STAGNANT UNQUOTE [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

THE COMMITTEE IS ALSO CONTEMPLATING A ROSENBERG MEMORIAL
MEETING ON JUNE NINETEEN NEXT.

MALONE

WNP:BAJ
100-41648
cc:1 - 100-43372 (Daylet)
1 - 100-23717 (CRC)
1 - San Francisco (Reg.)
① - New York (Reg.)

SOURCE: [REDACTED] to SA R. STEWART, 3/2/54

100-107111-1433

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAR 15 1954	
FBI - NEW YORK	

NEW YORK DIVISION

NEW YORK

HJB

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT
INSPECTION SERVICE
POST OFFICE INSPECTOR IN CHARGE

RECEIVED REPLY TO
POST OFFICE INSPECTOR IN CHARGE
AND QUOTE

BT

NEW YORK 1, N. Y.

March 10, 1954

RE: FRANK G. MERSON

100-93572-1B1 P.

100-107111-1391 P.

*Spec Agt in Ch
FBI
New York 7, NY*

Mr. Stephen E. Allen, Jr.,
Allen's Nurseries and Seed House,
Geneva, Ohio.

Dear Mr. Allen:

Receipt is acknowledged of your letter of March 3, 1954, transmitting literature of The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, which was enclosed with an order received by your nursery from one F. G. Merson, Kew-Forest, N.Y.

Inasmuch as subversive matters are under the investigative jurisdiction of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, we are taking the liberty of forwarding your complaint to the Special Agent in Charge of that organization, 290 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

Thank you for bringing the matter to attention.

Sincerely yours,

H. B. Montague

Post Office Inspector in Charge.

*material of
nominal destroyed*

*ATT. C.F.
or list refs.*

8#6

100-107111-1434

SEARCHED <i>h</i>	INDEXED <i>h</i>
SERIALIZED <i>h</i>	FILED <i>h</i>
MAR 11 1954	
FBI - NEW YORK	

[Signature]

Chas. A. Allen
PRESIDENT

Stephen A. Allen
SECRETARY & TREASURER

Stephen R. Allen Jr.
ASSISTANT SECRETARY

Wm. A. Allen II
SUPT. SHIPPING DEPT.

Robert L. Allen
RETAIL SALES MANAGER

Allen's

NURSERIES AND SEED HOUSE

WHOLESALE-RETAIL PROPAGATORS AND GROWERS OF
NURSERY STOCK AND SEEDS

March 3, 1954

Geneva, Ohio

Postal Inspectors Office
United States Post Office
Cleveland, Ohio

Gentlemen:

We are enclosing literature received from a F. G. Merson,
Keuka Park, N. Y.

This was received by us, with an order from this person.
It goes without saying, that we object strongly in this
type of thing.

We are not familiar with postal regulations governing
this sort of thing, and we trust that our name will be
held in strict confidence.

Respectfully yours,

ALLEN'S NURSERIES & SEED-HOUSE

BY Stephen R. Allen Jr.
STEPHEN R. ALLEN, JR.

9 Kucha Park, N.Y. 10011-1454

I earnestly wish that
some one in your office
would take & read the
enclosed 2 leaflets on
the Rosenberg case which
without doubt will be
checked ^{for 100 years} against our American
courts & our justice unless
our country can retrieve itself

After this young man & woman
had been killed, a physicist said
to me, "Of course they were im-
cent. Anyone who understands
physics knows that ^{the} best individuals
with positions do not dare, at this moment, to
say out loud the facts as they know them.

I have offered to my Lord as a Lunt
opening my time and effort to arouse
individuals to the hideous fact that a great
law abiding young scientist is in Alcatraz
our worst prison, for 30 years on the
at #2: 100-10111-1454

sole charge that he knew
Jules & Ethel Rosenberg
the Rosenbergs had
met them on 5 occasions
after they graduated.

better and better. Since I wrote last, Olive Wise, Laura Conrad and Sorojini McVay
have been sent out and are busily at work. With the addition of an Indian medical
doctor our staff will be complete -- for the time being!

The Numanzi Psychiatric Center at Lal Bagn, Lucknow, India, is going on

Money sent to me for my general evangelistic work, the support of students
and the Psychiatric Center, should be sent to H. Burnham Kirkland, Treasurer,
Division of World Missions, 150 Fifth Avenue, New York 11, N.Y. and designated for
work under Dr. E. Stanley Jones. It will get to me without reduction and will meet
a need -- a real one.

Thanks, dear friends, for your sustaining love and prayers and gifts

Gratefully and Sincerely in Him,

F. Stanley Jones

No evidence of what was
said. Only one man
to say that there had
been any conversations

The judge specifically
said that there was no
charge that he was a
spy or had ever
committed any
act that was
illegal or had anything
to do with spying.

Yet he was put in prison
for 30 years, just because
our newspapers were
baying for blood and no other
people could be found who were
so without influence that something like
this could be done to them. May the Lord have
mercy on our souls. Frankie P. Meron

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

NEW YORK, N.Y.
3/12/54

Transmit the following Teletype message to: BUREAU -- URGENT

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR THE ROSENBERGS; ISR.

A MISS O'CONNOR, SUPERVISOR AT CHILDREN'S COURT, NYC, TELEPHONICALLY
CONTACTED NYO 3/12/54 AND REQUESTED INFORMATION IN THE FILES OF THIS
OFFICE CONCERNING ANN AND ABEL MEEROPOL, WHO ACTED AS GUARDIANS FOR
THE ROSENBERG CHILDREN. SHE WAS ADVISED OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL'S
REGULATIONS PROHIBITING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION IN THE FILES OF
THE BUREAU AND TOLD THAT NO INFERENCE SHOULD BE DRAWN THAT THIS
OFFICE DOES OR DOES NOT HAVE INFORMATION ON THE MEEROPOLS. MISS
O'CONNOR INDICATED A POSSIBLE INTENTION OF ADDRESSING A REQUEST
FOR INFORMATION TO THE BUREAU AT THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.
ABOVE FOR INFORMATION.

KELLY

TJM:MFB (#6)

Approved: J. A. Kelly

Special Agent in Charge

Sent 7 45

PM

Per DB

100-107111-1435

CONFIDENTIAL MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, NEW YORK

DATE: March 16, 1954

FROM : SA E. K. DEANE

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE
JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL IN
THE ROSENBERG CASE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

CONFIDENTIAL

() CSNY 425, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office, evidence concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from the building located at 80 Fifth Avenue, New York City. This building is occupied by National Headquarters of the IWO.

(X) CSNY 426, of known reliability made available to the New York Office information concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from 35 E. 12th St., N.Y.C. This building is occupied by the following organizations, which are all under the control of the Communist Party: Publishers New Press, Inc. ("Worker" and "Daily Worker"); Morning Freiheit Association ("Morning Freiheit" and "Jewish Life"); Workers' Bookshop; F & D Printing Co.; 12th - 12th Realty Corporation. Prior to September, 1951, the National, State and N.Y. County offices of the Communist Party also occupied these premises.

Strict care must be exercised so that the existence of this important source of evidence will not become known to any outside agency. It is also to be noted that because of the nature of this source of information it will be impossible to recontact the source regarding information furnished

Date information received March 16, 1954

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit _____

SA E. K. DEANE AND SE P. G. MITCHELL

The following disposition is being made of the original exhibit:

(X) Placed in NY file 100-107111 Serial _____
Exhibit# _____

() Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem appropriate.

Description of exhibit: A press release, dated 3-9-54, issued by the captioned organization, entitled "Public Opinion in France Aroused at Attempts to Seize Rosenberg Children".

100-107111

100-107111-1436

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAR 16 1954	
FBI - NEW YORK	

PUBLIC OPINION IN FRANCE AROUSED
AT ATTEMPTS TO SEIZE ROSENBERG CHILDREN

Appeals Made to U.S. Embassy and Eisenhower

NEW YORK, March 9--Reports reaching the National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg Case indicate that French public opinion is aroused to a high pitch against the attempt to take the Rosenberg children away from their grandmother and foster parents.

Trade unionists, housewives, clergymen, and children from cities throughout France have addressed appeals to the U.S. Embassy in Paris and to President Eisenhower. The appeals are urging that the children be allowed to stay with their grandmother and that attempts to take them away be ended.

Public meetings are being held throughout the country. Thousands of petitions of signatures were collected at a public meeting in Paris on February 24th.

One appeal to President Eisenhower was sent by an organization of French orphans.

The French press has been critical of the court action instituted by the New York City Department of Welfare against the children. Le Combat, an anti-communist paper, headlined a story, "Is it necessary to kill the Rosenberg children?"

The Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg Case has received copies of messages sent from France to the Surrogate's Court asking that the children remain with their family.

Appeals against the attempt to seize the children have also been voiced in many other countries including England, Sweden, Italy and Germany.

FILE # 100-107111

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL 1436 A DATE 3-22-54

CONSISTING OF 3 PAGES

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.

Director, FBI

March 23, 1954

SAC, Cleveland (100-20243)

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Re report of SA JOHN B. O'DONOGHUE dated 5-5-52 at Cleveland.

Information was contained in referenced report which was received from [REDACTED]. This informant has since been determined to be of unknown reliability. Accordingly, there are forwarded to the Bureau six copies and to the New York Office four copies of amended page one of referenced report reflecting [REDACTED] who is T-1, as being of unknown reliability. This amended page should be substituted in your copies of referenced report.

JTL:rlk

Enclosures: 6

cc: (1) - New York (100-107111) (Encl - 4) (RM)

REGISTERED MAIL

100-107111-1437

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAR 25 1954	
FBI - NEW YORK	

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, New York

FROM : Joseph F. Radigan, Jr, SA (100-115413)

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO AID MORTON SOBELL
IS-C

DATE: 3/25/54

On 3/9/54, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] advised that the following literature was discovered by a fellow employee of the NYC Omnibus Company on the 11th Street Crosstown line during the week of 3/1/54:

"Why is MORTON SOBELL in Alcatraz?"
Feature Article, For Immediate Release, (3 page mimeographed sheet with certain sentences underlined in red pencil).

[REDACTED] said he could furnish no additional information concerning the circumstances of finding this literature but thought the FBI would be interested, so he mailed it to this office.

It is recommended this material be filed for reference.

1-NY 136-635
1-NY 136-0

JFR:EEC

100-107111-1438

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
MAR 29 1954	
FBI - NEW YORK	

G. A. HARRINGTON

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, NEW YORK

DATE: March 25, 1954

FROM: SA E. K. DEANE

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE
FOR MORTON SOBELL IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
INTERNAL SECURITY - CCONFIDENTIAL

CSNY 48, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office information concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from the building located at 23 West 26 Street, New York City. This building is occupied by the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee and Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade, all of which have been declared by the Attorney General of the United States to fall within the purview of Executive Order 9835. In addition, other Communist Party front groups and individual Communist Party members or sympathizers occupy offices at this address. Prior to 2/1/53 the State and National Offices of the Civil Rights Congress were located at this address. Subsequent to that date space in the building has been occupied by CRT Publications, Inc., publishers of "New World Review" formerly known as "Soviet Russia Today" which has been cited as a Communist front by the Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, 6/25/42 and 3/29/44.

Strict care must be exercised so that the existence of this important source of evidence will not become known to any outside agency. It is also to be noted that because of the nature of this source of information it will be impossible to recontact the source regarding information furnished.

Date information received March 22, 1954

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit _____

SA E. K. DEANE AND SE K. F. BUCKLEY

The following disposition is being made of the original exhibit:

(xxx) Placed in NY file 100-107111 Serial _____
Exhibit# _____

() Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem appropriate.

Description of exhibit: A letter, dated 3-11-54, issued by the captioned organization, denouncing the court action involving the ROSENBERG children.

100-107111-1439

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
MAR 25 1954	
FBI - NEW YORK	

W. H. [unclear]
3/25/54

100-107111

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON
SOBELL IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

1050 Sixth Avenue
New York 18, N. Y.
LO 4 - 9585

Dear Friend:

March 11, 1954

The shameful attack against Michael and Robbie Rosenberg is part of the special "Rosenberg Justice" that is being foisted upon our country. It is not enough that a mother and father were executed despite world-wide protests and dissents of three Supreme Court Justices. It is not enough that scientist Morton Sobell was sentenced to 30 years in Alcatraz on the word of an admitted perjurer, or that little Michael and Robbie were hounded from their New Jersey school. Now, just when the children have found a happy home, a brazen attempt is made to continue the case against their executed parents by persecuting two innocent children.

Publicly the attempt to tear the children from their grandmother and foster parents is being carried out by the New York City Welfare Department. But the filing of papers in Surrogate's Court by the Greenglass family through Mrs. Tossie Greenglass, mother of David Greenglass and Ethel Rosenberg, raises questions of what role the U.S. Attorney General's office is playing in this case.

Mrs. Greenglass while not asking custody of the children, filed papers through the C. John Rogge law firm asking that the children be raised in a proper Jewish home. Such is the hypocritical request of the woman who converted Michael and Robbie to a public institution when their parents were in prison, and who since that time has never so much as visited them, sent them gifts, or shown any interest whatsoever in their well being.

The danger of the Rosenberg children being taken from the custody of Mrs. Rosenberg is great. The status of court action is as follows: Judge William T. Collins of Surrogate's Court has arranged with the Children's Court to defer action and permit the Surrogate's Court to move on the appointment of a guardian and to attempt to seize control of the trust fund. The Welfare Department is pressing for the appointment of a guardian outside of the family. On March 18th the court will consider the Welfare Department's bid to move in on the trust fund which Emanuel Bloch raised for the children and which is under adequate and responsible protection now. On April 5th Judge Collins will conduct hearings on guardianship.

This gives only a few precious weeks for nation-wide public opinion to be expressed against the unprecedented effort to take the children away from their blood relatives and place them with strangers. In every community there are civic leaders, ministers, rabbis, trade unionists who will speak out if the facts are brought to them.

The New York Times reports that Surrogate Judge Collins has asked that persons interested in the guardianship of the children write to him. We are sure that many will want to write expressing their belief that the best interests of the children require that this be taken out of the courts and that Mrs. Sophie Rosenberg's rights as grandmother be respected. Letters should be sent to Hon. William T. Collins, Surrogate Court, 31 Chambers Street, New York City, communications should also be sent to Mayor Robert Wagner, City Hall, New York City, insisting that the Welfare Department cease its harrassment of the children.

It will be to America's lasting shame if Michael and Robbie Rosenberg are not permitted to grow up free from public limelight, safe in the warmth of those who loved them.

Robert and Michael were happy in this privacy before this latest outrageous invasion of their rights by a city agency. We must help them to restore this. The justice that was denied their parents must not be denied their children!

Thomas Aranson

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, NEW YORK

DATE: March 25, 1954

FROM: SA E. K. DEANE

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE
FOR MORTON SOBELL IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
INTERNAL SECURITY - CCONFIDENTIAL

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Date information received March 22, 1954

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit _____

SA E. K. DEANE AND SE K. F. BUCKLEY

The following disposition is being made of the original exhibit:

(XX) Placed in NY file 100-107111 Serial _____
Exhibit# _____

() Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem appropriate.

Description of exhibit: Copy of a letter, dated 3-12-54, issued by the captioned organization, calling attention to an article - a 42-page study of the ROSENBERG-SOBELL case - appearing in the February issue of the Columbia Law Review.

100-107111

100 107111 - 1440

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAR 25 1954	
FBI - NEW YORK	

3/25/54

COMMITTEES TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR
MORTON SOBELL IN THE
IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

1050 Sixth Avenue
New York 18, N. Y.
LO 4 - 9535

March 12, 1954

Dear Friend:

We would like to call your attention to a significant article in the February issue of the Columbia Law Review. The distinguished law journal published a 42-page study of the Rosenberg-Sobell case, which it called "the outstanding 'political' trial of this generation."

The study recognizes strong merit in argument for a new trial for Morton Sobell, and concludes that the rights of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg were not given full consideration in the final stage of their case. Morton Sobell was condemned to 30 years in Alcatraz and the Rosenbergs were executed on June 19th.

The Columbia Law Review cites the lack of evidence linking Sobell to any atomic conspiracy, and sees merit in the argument that Sobell should have been tried separately, or that the jury should have at least been given a choice as to whether it wanted to consider the case as two separate conspiracies. The Review also cites Sobell's affidavit that he was "kidnapped" by the F.B.I. The study points out that had the issue of the "kidnapping" been litigated, Morton Sobell might have won out with the argument that "a judgement cannot stand when the jurisdiction is obtained through federal officers' violation of the anti-kidnapping law."

On the question of the Rosenbergs, the study concluded: "The inevitable conclusion is that in this last stage of an extraordinarily protracted litigation, the rights of the Rosenbergs did not receive the precise and extensive consideration that must characterize the administration of the criminal law. Whether the Rosenbergs were in fact guilty is beside the point. In the vindication of their rights they were entitled to the equality of treatment afforded by the technical safeguards of the law."

While not challenging the legal procedure in the trial of the Rosenbergs, the article criticized the haste with which the Supreme Court acted in its unprecedented reversal of the stay granted by Justice Douglas. The Review also said that the Supreme Court appeared to have overextended its powers in reversing the stay.

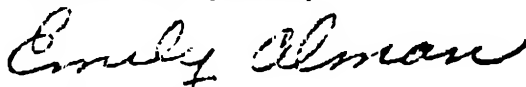
The Review took the position that the point on which Justice Douglas had acted was a substantial one which required much more time for careful consideration. This point was whether the Rosenbergs should have been tried under the Atomic Energy Act instead of the Espionage Act. It should be noted that this issue has never been litigated with respect to Morton Sobell. Under the Atomic Energy Act, 20 years was the maximum sentence Sobell could have received.

We call this article to your attention because we feel it has tremendous importance to American justice. Within a matter of months after two persons were rushed to the electric chair, it is found that the rights of the defendants were not observed. After Morton Sobell has spent nearly a year and a half in Alcatraz, and two and one-half years in other prisons, there is recognition for grounds for a new trial, for which Morton Sobell has been fighting since his conviction.

The responsibility for this state of affairs rests clearly on the shoulders of the United States Attorney General. It was at the insistence of the Attorney General's office that the Supreme Court was called back into session in order that the Rosenbergs might be rushed to the chair that week. It was the Attorney General's office that opposed every move of the Rosenbergs' to present new evidence in their behalf. It is the Attorney General's office that is now opposing a new trial for Morton Sobell and using Alcatraz to pressure from him a "confession" to a crime of which he swears his innocence.

There are unresolved questions in this case which must be answered. A request for the investigation of the conduct of the Attorney General's office in this case is now pending before the Senate Judiciary Committee. Such an investigation would be an important step in getting at the truth. We hope that you will write in favor of the inquiry to Senator William Langer, Chairman, Senate Judiciary Committee, U.S. Senate Office Building, Washington, D. C.

Sincerely yours,



Emily Altman
National Executive Secretary

P.S. - Copies of the Columbia Law Review article may be obtained from our Committee at 30¢ each. You may also see the article at your local library.

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, NEW YORK

DATE: March 25, 1954

FROM : SA E. K. DEANE

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE
JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL IN
THE ROSENBERG CASE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

CONFIDENTIAL

() CSNY 425, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office, evidence concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from the building located at 50 Fifth Avenue, New York City. This building is occupied by National Headquarters of the IWO.

(XX) CSNY 426, of known reliability made available to the New York Office information concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from 35 E. 12th St., N.Y.C. This building is occupied by the following organizations, which are all under the control of the Communist Party: Publishers New Press, Inc. ("Worker" and "Daily Worker"); Morning Freiheit Association ("Morning Freiheit" and "Jewish Life"); Workers' Bookshop; F & D Printing Co.; 12th - 13th Realty Corporation. Prior to September, 1951, the National, State and N.Y. County offices of the Communist Party also occupied these premises.

Strict care must be exercised so that the existence of this important source of evidence will not become known to any outside agency. It is also to be noted that because of the nature of this source of information it will be impossible to recontact the source regarding information furnished.

Date information received March 22, 1954

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit _____

SA E. K. DEANE AND SE K. F. BUCKLEY

The following disposition is being made of the original exhibit:

(XX) Placed in NY file 100-107111 Serial _____
Exhibit# _____

() Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem appropriate.

Description of exhibit: A copy of a feature article entitled "Why is MORTON SOBELL in Alcatraz?".

100-107111

100-107111-1441

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAR 25 1954	
FBI - NEW YORK	

3/25/54

WHY IS MORTON SOBELL IN ALCATRAZ?

When the Attorney General's office imprisoned scientist Morton Sobell in Alcatraz, it violated all legal and moral precedent.

This fact is revealed by the statements of leading authorities on American prisons.

Morton Sobell, who was convicted in the trial with Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, has steadfastly maintained his innocence. He has done so under constant pressure to "confess".

While his appeal for a new trial was still pending, Morton Sobell was suddenly transferred to Alcatraz, 3000 miles away from his wife, his children, and his defense attorney. This act was carried out on Thanksgiving day, 1952.

Alcatraz, located on a rocky island in San Francisco Bay, is America's toughest prison. It is called "The Rock" and is known as America's Devil's Island.

For whom was Alcatraz intended?

Former United States Attorney General Homer Cummings, the man on whose recommendation Alcatraz was established in 1933, wrote in the July 29, 1939, issue of Collier's magazine:

"I had long had the idea that we needed in the Federal prison system a particular type of institution that would be devoted to incorrigible and long term offenders who impair discipline at the other institutions, and who need what the Bureau of Prisons now calls 'supermaximum security'.

"We needed some place where the 'end product' of our law-enforcement system could be incarcerated. We needed a place for ingenious 'escape artists', and for those who are intractable or break down discipline in, or seek to maintain contact with the underworld..."

Another authentic description of Alcatraz was given by Sanford Bates in the book Prisons and Beyond:

"Something drastic needed to be done with the new type of gangster and gunman, the kidnapper and interstate racketeer, that was being brought into the Federal penal system under the new crime

laws passed by Congress in 1934 at the request of Attorney General Homer Cummings.

"Nothing but stern discipline and a securely built institution would be appropriate for the punishment of such individuals. There were in the existing penitentiaries a small but dangerous group of prisoners all guilty of serious crimes, who would not accommodate themselves to the ordinary discipline, and who made it difficult to apply the routine measures of education, rehabilitation, etc., to the larger portion of inmates."

Or as it was put in a brochure on Alcatraz published by the Federal Bureau of Prisons itself:

"It has been amply demonstrated that grouping and segregating murderers, psychopaths, assaultive and aggressive types and constitutional trouble makers is preferable to attempting to house them in several penitentiaries."

Conditions at Alcatraz are so outmoded that a recommendation for replacing the prison was made in the annual report issued by the Federal Bureau of Prisons in 1953. Commented the New York Times: "Yet the symbolism of Alcatraz is bad, where the hardened offender is the invariable rule, the standard of harshness is the rule also."

Morton Sobell is not the type of person for whom Alcatraz was designed. Sobell who is fighting for a new trial to prove his innocence, has no criminal record. He never even had a conviction for a traffic violation.

Before his arrest he was a scientist who contributed much to the welfare of his country. Mr. Sobell sacrificed a fellowship so he could do war work against the Axis. He was registered on the National Roster of Scientific Personnel for the War Manpower Commission. He cooperated in 1944 with the Senate Committee Investigating the National Defense program.

In a letter to the court requesting a reduction of sentence, Helen Sobell, wife of Morton Sobell wrote:

"I know Morton Sobell as a husband, father, son and brother. As my husband he has loved and cherished me, helped me at every turn of the road in performing my duties as a woman, a wife and a

-3-

Mr. Before his incarceration, his devotion to the children found expression in loving care and attention with no thought for his comfort or well being. As a son he helped his parents from the time it was first possible for him to do so, and continued to bring them comfort and honor in his work and in his life.... We who are his family believe in his innocence of the crime with which he is charged."

Why has the Attorney General's office imprisoned Morton Sobell on "The Rock?"

From the start Morton Sobell has been under pressure to "confess". The pressure started when he and his family were kidnapped from Mexico on orders from the United States Attorney General's office. Mr. Sobell was beaten into unconsciousness. The kidnapping, which revealed the lack of any evidence on which to legally extradite Mr. Sobell, failed to terrify him into making a "confession".

He has maintained his innocence throughout his three and one half years in prison; he has repeatedly said that he would not "confess" to a crime he did not commit, and he is conducting a vigorous campaign for a new trial.

The National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg Case has charged that Morton Sobell was put in Alcatraz by the U. S. Attorney General's office "in a vindictive attempt to force a false confession from him."

The committee has pointed out that the Attorney General's office desperately needs such "confession" to whitewash its conduct in the case and to head off the world wide clamor for the truth. Furthermore, the committee said, the entire Rosenberg-Sobell case was being used as a base for attacks against American liberties.

The U. S. Senate Judiciary Committee has been asked to investigate the conduct of the Attorney General's office in the case. Persons throughout the United States are writing to Senator William Langer, Chairman of the Senate Committee, in favor of such an investigation.

A nation-wide petition campaign is under way urging the Senate Committee to investigate the imprisonment of Morton Sobell in Alcatraz.

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, NEW YORK

DATE: March 25, 1954

FROM : SA E. K. DEANE

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE
JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL IN THE
ROSENBERG CASE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

CONFIDENTIAL

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Date information received March 22, 1954

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit _____

SA E. K. DEANE AND SE K. F. BUCKLEY

The following disposition is being made of the original exhibit:

(XX) Placed in NY file 100-107111

Serial _____

Exhibit# _____

() Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem appropriate.

Description of exhibit: A copy of a statement issued by the captioned organization commenting on a report in the New York Times of a speech by Dr. JAMES BECKERLY, director of the Atomic Energy Commission Classification Office.

100-107111

100-107111-142

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
MAR 25 1954	
FBI - NEW YORK	

5/3/54

N ational Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell
In the Rosenberg Case 1050 Sixth Ave., N.Y. 18, LO 4 9585

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

"WAS A-BOMB STOLEN, OR WASN'T IT?"

ASKS ROSENBERG-SOBELL COMMITTEE

Cites Atomic Energy Official's Statement

That A-Bomb Wasn't Stolen by Spies

NEW YORK, March 17--The National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg Case today issued the following statement commenting on a report in the New York Times of a speech by Dr. James Beckerly, director of the Atomic Energy Commission Classification Office:

"Less than nine months after Ethel and Julius Rosenberg were executed for allegedly giving the secret of the atomic bomb to Russia, a leading atomic energy official says the bomb was not stolen by spies.

"The New York Times reported today (March 17) on a speech by Dr. James Beckerly, director of the Atomic Energy Commission Classification Office, before a conference of the Atomic Industrial Forum. The Times story said:

'Soviet scientists developed the atom bomb in 1949, and a nuclear weapon, presumably a hydrogen bomb in 1953, because the leaders of Russia ordered progress in their drive to dominate the world, he said. The atom bomb and the hydrogen bomb were not stolen from us by spies, Dr. Beckerly emphasized. Espionage played a minor role in the attainment of successful weapons by the Soviets, he said.'

"The final paragraph in the Times story read as follows:

(continued)

'Atom bombs are not matters that can be stolen and transmitted in the form of information, Dr. Beckerly said, in emphasizing the relative unimportance of spying in nuclear physics. The Swiss watchmaker, for example, does not export all his secrets when he exports a watch, Dr. Beckerly declared.

"These statements by Dr. Beckerley are in direct contradiction to the statement by Judge Kaufman, who said in sentencing the Rosenbergs - That they had put the A-Bomb into the hands of the Russians, 'years before our best scientists predicted Russia would perfect the bomb'.

"Or compare Dr. Beckerley's statement with the final denial of clemency by President Eisenhower, who said that the Rosenberg's had "measurably" increased the chance of atomic war.

"Was the atomic bomb stolen, or wasn't it? If there was indeed no theft of the atomic bomb, why were the Rosenbergs executed?

"We believe that the nation must have a second-look at the Rosenberg-Sobell case. Morton Sobell, who Judge Kaufman said did NOT have any role in the alleged theft of atomic secrets, was sentenced to 30 years, which he is serving in Alcatraz. Mr. Sobell, a young scientist, has steadfastly maintained his innocence and is asking for a new trial.

"Justice demands that Mr. Sobell be given this new trial, and that he be transferred from the living death of Alcatraz pending a review of his case".

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-387835)

March 30, 1954

SAC, MIAMI (100-12292)

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Re Bureau letter to Miami dated March 17, 1954.

Enclosed herewith are six copies of amended
page 7 of the report of Special Agent MELVIN A. THOMPSON,
Miami, dated March 10, 1954, on captioned subject.

Also enclosed are three copies of amended page 7
for the New York Office.

Enclosure

Registered Mail

MAT:cbs

2 New York (100-107111)(Encl.)(RM)

*Amended
10/25/54
5/5/54*

100-107111-1443

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 1 1954	
FBI - MIAMI	

[Signature]

SAC, NY

March 31, 1954

HYMAN N. RABINOWITZ, SE (100-21)

MORNING FREIHEIT
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

The "Morning Freiheit" of February 4, 1954, on page 4, column 1-2, contained an editorial entitled: "The Second Refusal By The Supreme Court To Receive Sobel's Appeal", which stated, in part:

"Last Monday, for the second time, the Supreme Court rejected the appeal, by Morton Sobel, to review the trial as a result of which he was sentenced to 30 years in jail, which he is now doing in the Alcatraz fortress. This is actually a death sentence against Sobel, who was tried together with the martyrs Julius and Ethel Rosenberg.

"Millions, in all parts of the world, consider that trial a frame-up, which was based on the testimony of David Greenglass and his wife Ruth. Recently the Department of Justice actually admitted that these two were liars, but they do not permit Morton Sobel to get a new trial. As in the case of the Rosenbergs, the Supreme Court refuses to even receive the case. To this very day there are people who say: "the Supreme Court acted on the Rosenberg Case". Yes, it "acted" - by not acting!

"Since the Supreme Court has refused to act in this case, which has aroused the world, the question arises: why is this so? What should be done by a defendant like Morton Sobel who received such a gruesome sentence? Where should he turn? How can he prove that he was unjustly torn from his wife and children and placed in a living tomb?

"... The same thing happened with the Rosenberg appeal. These martyrs - parents of two small children - were burned in the electric chair. They cannot be brought back to life; but Morton Sobel is alive and he must be exonerated. Together with his exoneration we shall be exonerating the names of the Rosenbergs. All those who love justice must fight for this!

Translated by SE HYMAN N. RABINOWITZ

1 - NY 100-107111 (COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON
SOBEL IN THE ROSENBERG CASE)

HNR:RMB

100-107111-1444
MAR 1 1954
J. Harrington

FILE # 100-107111

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL

1445

DATE

3-31-54

CONSISTING OF

2

PAGES

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.

FILE DESCRIPTION

NEW YORK FILE

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL
COMMITTEE

FILE NO. 100-107111

VOLUME NO. 35

SERIALS 1446

THRU

1462

File No: 100-107111

Re:

Rosenburg / Sobell CommitteeDate: 2/78

(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released	
1446	4/1/54	SA to SAC Memo	3	1	
1447	4/1/54	(copy of 1446) SA to SAC Memo	3	1	DUPE - 1
1448	4/2/54	BA Airtel to HQ & NY	1	0	
1449	4/3/54	NY Airtel to HQ re: Counsel of Great American	2	2	
1450	4/14/54	SA to SAC Memo	3	3	
1451	4/14/54	WFO Airtel to HQ & NY	1	0	
1452	4/20/54	CG Airtel to HQ & NY & WFO	1	1	
1453	4/14/54	SA to SAC Memo re: Third Party	2	2	
1454	4/16/54	SA to SAC Memo	3	3	
1455	4/16/54	SA to SAC Memo	3	3	
1456	4/19/54	SA to SAC Memo	2	2	
1456A	5/24/54	SA to SAC Memo	4	4	

File No: 100-107111Re: Rosenbergs / Security CommitteeDate: 2/78
(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released	
1456B	4/22/54	SA to SAC Memo	3	3	
1457	4/23/54	CG Circular to HQ & NY	1	1	
1458	4/24/54	BA Teletype to HQ & NY	1	1	
1459	4/24/54	re: Morning Freshet SA to SAC Memo	2	2	
1460	4/24/54	SA to SAC Memo re: Morning Freshet	1	1	
1461	4/27/54	PH letter to NY	1	1	
1461A	4/27/54	SA to SAC Memo re: Labor Youth League	2	2	
1461B	4/27/54	NY to HQ letter re: Morton Sobell	1	—	See Bufile 101-2483
1461C	4/28/54	re: Julius & Ethel Rosenberg ASAC to SAC Memo	1	—	See NY JR 65-15348-2673 See Bufile 65-58230
1462	4/29/54	BA Report to HQ	80	—	REFERRED TO ANOTHER GOVT AGENCY

(MATERIAL MUST NOT BE REMOVED FROM OR ADDED TO THIS FILE)

of

Profile 100-387835
INVESTIGATION

~~Do not furnish any in-
formation from this file
to any outside agency
without the consent of
Supervisor of Section~~

~~NO INFORMATION FROM THIS FILE SHOULD BE MADE THE SUBJECT MATTER OF A REPORT, MEMO OR ANY CORRESPONDENCE IN ANOTHER INVESTIGATION WITHOUT CLEARANCE FROM SECTION . . .~~

See also Nos.

NPC General In File A

NPC Daily Worker Sub File B

MP National Foundation for the C

WPC Morning Freiheit - 1st File D

Prosecuted James - Sub File 6

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16-58841-2

99 Informants - Sub-List

M. C. Hansen

FILE # 100-107111

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL 1446 DATE 4-1-54

CONSISTING OF 3 PAGES

pg. 2 and 3 are

exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(1) as it has been classified pursuant to Executive Order 11652 as it contains information which would disclose an intelligence source. This serial bears the Classification Officers number [REDACTED]

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC (100-37667)

CONFIDENTIAL

DATE: APR 1 1954

FROM : SA DAVID W. BOWERS

SUBJECT: ROSENBERG-SOBELL COMMITTEE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

[REDACTED]

The informant stated there was also a man known only to the informant as WILL, described as white, male, age 69, 6' 2", 180 pounds, grey hair and wears glasses.

The names above in parenthesis were added by the writer as possibly identical, the possibility being established from descriptions furnished.

FRANJIS stated she is attempting to organize the Committee to Fight for Sobell, who is now "on the rock" at Alcatraz serving 30 years. She said an appeal of his conviction will be made soon.

DWB:mc

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S)
DATE 3/4/78

[REDACTED]

*not sufficient for 100-65772
Security clearance file*

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
APR 5 1954
FBI - NEW YORK

[Signature]

CONFIDENTIAL

Exempt from GDS

Date of Declassification

2/1/78

FILE # 100-107111

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL 1447 DATE 4-1-54

CONSISTING OF 3 PAGES

Pgs. 2 and 3 are

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(1) as it has been classified pursuant to Executive Order 11652 as it contains information which would disclose an intelligence source. This serial bears the Classification Officers number [REDACTED]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC (100-37667)

DATE: APR 1 1954

FROM : SA DAVID E. BOWERS

SUBJECT: ROSENBERG-SOBELL COMMITTEE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

[REDACTED]

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DWB:kcc

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP (100-37667)
DATE 3/9/54

100-107111-144

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 5 1954	
FBI - NEW YORK	

Classified by 413
Exempt from GDS.
Date of Declassification Indefinite

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FILE # 100-107111

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL 1448 DATE 4-2-54

CONSISTING OF 1 PAGES

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.

AIR-TEL

4/3/54, NEW YORK

BUREAU

COUNCIL OF GREEK AMERICANS; INTERNAL SECURITY - R & CR -

DA'LET. BUFILE 100-390208. RE NY AIR-TEL 3/29/54. [REDACTED]

THIS DATE ADVISED HE ATTENDED A GREEK INDEPENDENCE DAY
CELEBRATION HELD 8:00 PM 4/2/54 AT THE HOTEL CAPITAL, NYC,
SPONSORED BY CAPTIONED ORGANIZATION. CHRIS NICOLOPOULOS
EDITOR OF THE GREEK AMERICAN TRIBUNE, A GREEK COMMUNIST
NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED IN NYC, OPENED THE CELEBRATION BY ADDRESSING
AND WELCOMING THE GATHERING. REVEREND J. SPENCER KENNARD, JR.
READ NOTES OF VISITORS RECENTLY RETURNED FROM GREECE CONDEMNING
THE PRESENT GOVERNMENT OF GREECE, ACCUSING THAT GOVERNMENT FOR
TORTURING AND PERSECUTING POLITICAL PRISONERS BECAUSE OF THEIR

B7D

1 - BUREAU

1 - NY

1 - NY

1 - NY

1 - NY

1 - NY

1 - NY

1 - NY 100-80094 (FEDERATION OF GREEK MARITIME UNION)

b7d, c

CSP:RAN (# 7)

105-3197

100-107111-1449

PAGE 2

COMMUNIST BELIEFS. HOWARD FAST IN HIS SPEECH RENDERED A HISTORICAL BACKGROUND OF THE PRINCIPLES OF DEMOCRACY AND ITS INCEPTION IN ANCIENT GREECE. FAST STATED THAT THIS TRUE DEMOCRACY HAS CRUMBLED AND CONDEMNED THE PRESENT GREEK GOVERNMENT. DR. ROYAL FRANK GAVE HIS AUTOBIOGRAPHY, HIGHLIGHTING THE FACT THAT HE RECENTLY HAD COME TO GREECE TO DEFEND THE GREEK COMMUNIST SEAMAN CONDEMNED TO DEATH BY THAT GOVERNMENT. HE ALSO CONDEMNED THE GOVERNMENT OF GREECE AND PRAISED THE POLITICAL PRISONERS FOR BELIEF IN THEIR CAUSE. MESSAGES IN HONOR OF THE 25TH OF MARCH (GREEK INDEPENDENCE DAY) WERE SENT BY THE FEDERATION OF GREEK MARITIME UNIONS AND WERE READ TO THE GATHERING. HELEN FLOKATOS RECITED A POEM ABOUT THE MARCH 25TH REVOLUTION IN GREECE AND THE CELEBRATION TERMINATED APPROXIMATELY 11:00 PM. THE FIRST ISSUE OF A BIMONTHLY MAGAZINE (NAME UNKNOWN) WAS INTRODUCED AT THIS AFFAIR AND THE FIRST COPY SOLD FOR \$1.00. APPROXIMATELY \$600 TO \$700 WAS COLLECTED FOR THIS MAGAZINE, THE ONLY COLLECTION OF THE EVENING. AN ENTRANCE FEE OF \$.75 WAS COLLECTED AT THE DOOR. THE INFORMANT ESTIMATED APPROXIMATELY 200 INDIVIDUALS ATTENDED AND NO UNUSUAL INCIDENTS OCCURRED.

KELLY

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, NEW YORK

FROM : SA E. K. DEANE (100-107111)

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE
JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL IN
THE ROSENBERG CASE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

DATE: April 14, 1954

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Source, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office information concerning the above-captioned subject; obtained from the building located at 6 East 17th Street, New York City. This building is occupied by the Civil Rights Congress, an organization which has been declared by the Attorney General of the United States to fall within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

Strict care must be exercised so that the existence of this important source of evidence will not become known to any outside agency. It is also to be noted that because of the nature of this source of information it will be impossible to recontact the source regarding information furnished.

Date information received April 7, 1954

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit
SA E. K. DEANE AND SE V. H. MC PHEE

The following disposition is being made of the original exhibit:

(xx) Placed in NY file 100-107111 Serial 1
Exhibit # 1

() Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem appropriate.

Description of exhibit: A copy of a two-page memorandum from social workers concerning the persecution of the two ROSENBERG children.

100-107111

100-107111-1450

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 14 1954	
FBI - NEW YORK	
HARRINGTON	

WHY THE PERSECUTION OF THESE TWO SMALL CHILDREN?

A Memorandum From Social Workers

On Wednesday night, February 17, six people entered the foster home of two orphan children and produced a court order demanding that they be "forthwith removed". These people, representing social agencies, flagrantly violated the most basic procedures of child care and simple humanity.

Why did six adults and a cordon of policemen surround the home of ten and six year old brothers? Why was the order for removal made without prior investigation and psychological preparation of the children? Why this departure from the usual procedures?

Social agencies, dealing with children, have learned that months of careful investigation must be done to determine the necessity of removing a child from his home. A child must be carefully prepared for such drastic action to insure his future mental well being. A child must be told why he is being taken out of his home, where he is going to live and who will take care of him. This is the usual procedure. Why were these children treated so inhumanely?

But these are not "ordinary" dependent children; these are the children of the executed Rosenbergs. These children have already suffered one of the greatest imaginable shocks. How much more can a ten and a six year old take? Is this a calculated attempt to destroy them because of their parents?

The World-Telegram headlines its news report, "Mysterious Court Action Trails Atom Spies' Sons".

The background: From the summer of 1950, when Ethel and Julius Rosenberg were in prison, to the present, their children have been uprooted time and time again. They were snatched from their parents and brought to the Greenglass grandmother. The City Welfare Department removed them soon after and for a year they lived in a city institution, a "shelter" -- overcrowded and understaffed. In the fall of 1951 they were discharged to Grandmother Rosenberg. Grief-stricken herself, the children taunted at school, she placed them in the care of family friends in New Jersey where they could establish new and friendly roots. Their report cards reflected excellent progress. After a year and a half, the local School Superintendent ordered the children removed from school as "non-residents" -- grounds rarely invoked. Again the persecution took its toll. The children had to be moved.

In December, another home was found by Grandmother Rosenberg and the Rosenberg's attorney, Emanuel Bloch, which offered renewed hope of a real home and family life. The foster parents were economically able to care for the children, who were further protected by a fifty-thousand dollar trust fund.

Then Emanuel Bloch, their protector and link with the parents, suddenly died. With this protection gone, ignoring the closest next of kin, their paternal grandmother Mrs Sophie Rosenberg, the government moved in overnight, demanded the children, and without a single public warning or investigation step, or consultation with the family, on the pretext of "protecting them", placed them back in the same, overcrowded, understaffed public institution.

What are the government charges?

- A- The children have been moved too often.
- B- They have been exploited for fund raising and propaganda.
- C- The home wasn't suitable -- it was "left-wing"

These charges have nothing to do with the basic needs of the children for security and stability. The children have been forced by government actions to move twice in two and a half years. The movement of the children from home to home was not desired by Grandmother Rosenberg but forced upon her. Moving them again in this way can only add further suffering and untold damage.

They have not been exploited by their guardians or the Committee. Every effort was made to protect the children's privacy and the children themselves were not involved in any fund raising. The children's pictures were publicly on the jacket of the book containing their parents' last letters. It was their parents' wish that this be done. Michael Rosenberg appealed in the last hours of his parents' lives to the White House for mercy for his parents. It was generally recognized that a ten year old had a right to do something on behalf of those he loved, and his psychiatrist assented.

The charge that the home is unsuitable and is "left wing" is part of the general present hysteria. The husband is a Harvard graduate, a successful song writer; both husband and wife are former school teachers. The suitability of the home has not been investigated and the political opinions of foster parents have never before become criteria of suitability. The soundness of the family relationship is the basis of social work and child care planning. Mrs. Sophie Rosenberg is their closest kin; she should not be denied her grandchildren.

TO PROTECT THE CHILDREN:

WRITE OR WIRE MAYOR ROBERT F. WAGNER

CITY HALL, NEW YORK

URGING THAT THE CHILDREN BE IMMEDIATELY RELEASED TO GRAND MOTHER ROSENBERG

FILE #

100-107111

SUBJECT

ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL

1451

DATE

4-14-54

CONSISTING OF

1

PAGES

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety,
under (b)(1) as it has been classified pursuant
to Executive Order 11652 as it contains
information which would disclose an intelligence
source. This serial bears the Classification
Officers number [REDACTED]

AIRTEL
XXXXX

FBI, CHICAGO

4/16/54

*Not 1/2 Comm to
Sane Justice vs
Rosenberg case
100-107111
Not 1/2 Comm to Ad.
Norton Bell
100-116413*

REC-1
REC-2
REC-3
REC-4
REC-5
REC-6
REC-7
REC-8
REC-9
REC-10
REC-11
REC-12
REC-13
REC-14
REC-15
REC-16

DIRECTOR, FBI; SACS NEW YORK, WASHINGTON FIELD (AIR MAIL - REGISTERED)

NATIONAL COMMITTEE FOR THE ROSENBERG-SOBELL CASE, IS-C. DAYLET.

ON 4/16/54 [REDACTED] OF KNOWN RELIABILITY, ADVISED THAT THE

CHICAGO ROSENBERG-SOBELL COMMITTEE IS PRESENTLY DISTRIBUTING A

LEAFLET CAPTIONED "WHY IS SOBELL IN ALCATRAZ." LEAFLET STATES

ALCATRAZ IS SPECIAL INSTITUTION OF MAXIMUM SECURITY AND MINIMUM

PRIVILEGES FOR CONFINEMENT OF RUTHLESS INDIVIDUALS. SOBELL,

ACCORDING TO LEAFLET, HAS NO CRIMINAL RECORD, IS A SCIENTIST BY

PROFESSION, AND ALLEGES NO REASON FOR HIS CONFINEMENT AT ALCATRAZ.

LEAFLET URGES RECIPIENTS TO WRITE SENATOR WIL. LANGER, CHAIRMAN OF

SENATORIAL COMMITTEE, WASHINGTON, URGING AN INVESTIGATION OF

IMPROPER PLACEMENT OF SOBELL IN ALCATRAZ. LEAFLET FURTHER

STATES THAT SIX THOUSAND COPIES OF INSTANT LEAFLET BEING DISTRIBUTED

IN CHICAGO AREA.

BANISTER

100-25530

BRW:GH

100-25596 (DAYLET)

100-107111-1452

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 20 1954	
FBI - NEW YORK	

L.C. Harrington

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

To : SAC, NY
 From : DANIEL W. PITCHER, SA (100-94577)
 Subject: BEATRICE KOORHAN
 SM-C

Date: 4/16/54

On 2/23/54 the writer was orally advised by [redacted] that on 1/27/54 she had attended a luncheon at the residence of the subject at 3595 Bainbridge Avenue, Bronx, New York, apartment 52. The admission charge was \$1.00, the proceeds being raised for the ROSENBERG Committee. There were three hostesses at the luncheon.

[redacted]
 RUTH KATZ made a collection speech in which she claimed that MARTIN SOBELL had been railroaded and asked for funds to aid him. BEATRICE KOORHAN reported her attendance at a recent brunch given by the ROSENBERG Committee and reported the appearance of the wife of SOBELL there and stated that some 300 people had been present. One hundred and forty dollars was announced as being collected in behalf of SOBELL from those present. The affair lasted from approximately 12:15 to 3:30 P.M. b7d

An announcement was made that Dr. MILTON HELLMAN had sent a contribution of 20.00. The source observed a plaque in the apartment reflecting that RICHARD KOORHAN, apparently BEATRICE's husband, had been [redacted]

DWP:TJD

100-107111-1453

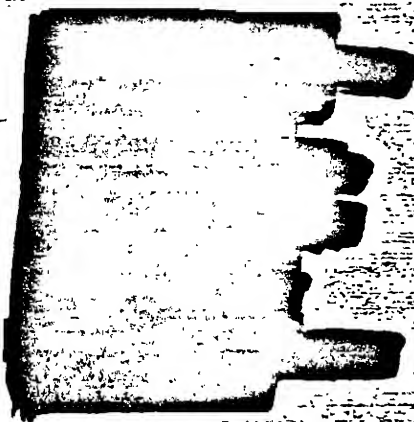
SEARCHED	INDEXED
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FBI - NEW YORK	

1370

MEMO
100-94577

awarded same for 27 years service as superintendent in
the composing room of Conde Nast Publications.

Persons present as recognized by the source
were:



It is to be noted that a memorandum ²⁰ has been
dictated this date



6 8
OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, NEW YORK

DATE: April 16, 1954

FROM : SA E. L. DRAKE (100-107111)

SUBJECT : NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE
FOR MORTON SOBELL IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CSNY-48, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office information concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from the building located at 23 West 26th Street, New York City. This building is occupied by the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee and Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade, all of which have been declared by the Attorney General of the United States to fall within the purview of Executive Order 9835. In addition, other Communist Party front groups and individual Communist Party members or sympathizers occupy offices at this address. Prior to 2/1/53 the State and National Offices of the Civil Rights Congress were located at this address. Subsequent to that date space in the building has been occupied by SRT Publications, Inc., publishers of "New World Review" formerly known as "Soviet Russia Today" which has been cited as a Communist front by the Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, 6/25/42 and 3/29/44.

Strict care must be exercised so that the existence of this important source of evidence will not become known to any outside agency. It is also to be noted that because of the nature of this source of information it will be impossible to recontact the source regarding information furnished.

Date information received April 12, 1954

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit _____

SA E. L. DRAKE AND SA K. F. BUCKLEY

The following disposition is being made of the original exhibit:

(X) Placed in NY file 100-107111 Serial 1
Exhibit 1

() Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem appropriate.

Description of Exhibit: A copy of a Bill of Particulars in the matter of the application for Letters of Guardianship of the Person and Property of MICHAEL ALLEN ROSENBERG.

DECLASSIFIED BY 4913
ON 01/17/88 ADIBKS

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JUN 18 1954	
FBI - NEW YORK	

80 [Signature]
116-107111-1154

SURROGATE'S COURT COUNTY OF NEW YORK

-----X
:
In the Matter of the Application for
Letters of Guardianship of the Person
and Property of
MICHAEL ALLEN ROSENBERG, an infant
under the age of fourteen years.
:
-----X

BILL OF PARTICULARS

The Petitioner for his Bill of Particulars herein alleges upon information and belief as follows:

ITEM 1. The authorizations to the Commissioner of Welfare of the City of New York to commit the infant herein as a public charge, executed by Julius Rosenberg and Ethel Rosenberg, were in writing. A copy of the form upon which said authorizations were executed is attached hereto. The original authorizations have been lost, destroyed or stolen. Appropriate evidence will, however, be given at the hearing of the due execution of said authorizations.

ITEM 2. The property and estate of the said infant consist of:

1. A sum in excess of \$40,000 on deposit in the Chase National Bank, North Street Branch. The derivation and origin of the said money are matters of which the respondents herein and their attorneys have full knowledge, as appears in the "Answer and Objections" filed herewith by Sophie Rosenberg, Ethel Goldberg, Lena Cohen, Abel and Ann Meeropol at Pages 23, 24 and 25 thereof.

2. The proceeds from the publication and sale of a book entitled "Death House Letters of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg". The reference to the said proceeds is made in the said "Answer and Objections" at Page 25 thereof, and the amount therein mentioned is \$9,508.32.

3. The proceeds from the sale of a business corporation known as Pitt Machine Products Incorporated, the stock of which was solely owned by Julius Rosenberg. Part of the said proceeds may be available for the benefit of the said children.

4. Additional funds which will continue to be raised in the United States, Canada and elsewhere and which are for the benefit, support, maintenance and education of the Rosenberg children.

ITEM 3. It is alleged in the petition herein that "this infant has been exploited and made the subject of propaganda by persons seeking to raise funds". The persons referred to are those who constitute the organization known as the "National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg case", and the members of the so-called Board of Trustees of the "Rosenberg Children's Trust Fund" and by their friends, agents, representatives and associates, including the "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell", the "Bronx Rosenberg-Sobell Committee", and others.

The names of these children have been exploited at meetings and by the distribution of literature in the United States and in Canada, in East Germany and France at which the United States government has been attacked and defamed and at which the role of the United States in the Korean War has been misrepresented and distorted and at which the motives of the United States government in the prosecu-

tion of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg have been attacked and misrepresented. While funds have been raised at these meetings for the ostensible benefit of the Rosenberg children, the names of the said children and their plight has been used as a vehicle for the vilification of the government of the United States and for the dissemination of anti-American propaganda. The said public meetings were held in New York, Detroit, San Francisco and other places in the United States and in Canada during the year 1953 and 1954. The paternal grandmother, Sophie Rosenberg did not prevent the exploitation of the children by these un-American elements in the manner described above, but on the contrary completely surrendered the control of the children to these elements and left them without any protection whatsoever against such exploitation.

Abel and Ann Meeropol were selected as custodians of the Rosenberg children by and are identified with the same group or groups which have exploited the Rosenberg case and plight of the Rosenberg children for the dissemination of anti-American propaganda.

ADRIAN P. BURKE, Attorney For Petitioner

By: Philip Sokol

Special Assistant Corporation Counsel

Office and Post Office Address

250 Church Street

New York 13, N. Y.

To

GLORIA AGRIN, ESQ.

Attorney for Respondents

Sophie Rosenberg, Ethel Goldberg, Lena Cohen,

Abel Meeropol and Ann Meeropol

220 Broadway

New York, N. Y.

ROGGE, FABRICANT & GORDON

Attorney for Tessie Greenglass, Respondent

401 Broadway

New York, N. Y.

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, NEW YORK

DATE: April 16, 1954

FROM : SA E. K. DEANE (100-107111)

SUBJECT : NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE
FOR MORTON SOBELL IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

CONFIDENTIAL

CSNY-18, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office information concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from the building located at 23 West 26th Street, New York City. This building is occupied by the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee and Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade, all of which have been declared by the Attorney General of the United States to fall within the purview of Executive Order 9835. In addition, other Communist Party front groups and individual Communist Party members or sympathizers occupy offices at this address. Prior to 2/1/53 the State and National Offices of the Civil Rights Congress were located at this address. Subsequent to that date space in the building has been occupied by SRT Publications, Inc., publishers of "New World Review" formerly known as "Soviet Russia Today" which has been cited as a Communist front by the Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, 6/25/42 and 3/29/44. *B7D*

Strict care must be exercised so that the existence of this important source of evidence will not become known to any outside agency. It is also to be noted that because of the nature of this source of information it will be impossible to recontact the source regarding information furnished.

Date information received April 12, 1954

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit

SA E. K. DEANE AND SA E. F. BUCKLEY

The following disposition is being made of the original exhibit:

(XX) Placed in NY File 100-107111 Serial Exhibit

() Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem appropriate.

Description of Exhibit: A copy of a statement, dated April 2, 1954, issued by the captioned organization entitled "Charges Of Exploitation Of Rosenberg Children Exposed As Phony Issues"

100-107111-1455

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
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FBI - NEW YORK	

DECLASSIFIED BY 4913
ON 2/17/88 A P16R

GO ITTIE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR
MORTON SOBELL IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

1050 Sixth Avenue
New York 18, N. Y.
April 2, 1954

CHARGES OF EXPLOITATION OF ROSENBERG CHILDREN EXPOSED AS PHONY ISSUE

The Surrogate's Court today threw out the so-called Bill of Particulars that was submitted by the New York City Welfare Department in its attempt to seize Michael and Robbie Rosenberg. The Surrogate said it did not constitute a Bill of Particulars.

Thus on the eve of the trial which begins Monday, April 5, the forces prosecuting the children have suffered a set-back. The rejected Bill of Particulars reveals that all pretense of concern for the welfare of the children has been dropped.

Why then does the Department of Welfare propose to take away the children from Grandmother Sophie Rosenberg?

We quote their main argument in the rejected Bill of Particulars:

"The names of these children have been exploited at meetings and by the distribution of literature in the United States and in Canada, in East Germany and France at which the United States government has been attacked and defamed and at which the motives of the United States government in the prosecution of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg have been attacked and misrepresented." (See enclosure)

The Welfare Department has the responsibility of dealing with the welfare of the people in New York City. Any venture into the field of international relations is clearly beyond its functions and must be suspect of having other origins.

These suspicions are confirmed by other evidence which indicates that the U.S. State Department is behind the action and is using the children as political pawns.

A letter prejudging the case on the basis of political considerations was sent on March 4th by the American Embassy in Holland in answer to a protest on the treatment of the children. The protest was made by Mr. & Mrs. Van Haaren of the Hague, who named their baby after the Rosenbergs.

The letter says in part that the children "were unscrupulously used as propaganda vehicles to further certain foreign communists' political interests. On this basis, the letter prejudges the case before it could be litigated in the New York Courts and supports the move to take away the children. The arguments in the letter, which was signed by Robert Donhauser, Public Affairs Officer, parallel the arguments advanced at a later date in the Bill of Particulars submitted by the Welfare Department.

The New York Journal American reported on February 18th that the action to take Michael and Robbie away from their foster parents was instituted on information from the State Department that the children allegedly were to be spirited abroad to be used for Communist propaganda purposes.

In the March issue of the magazine Tempo, Washington columnists Jack Anderson and Fred Blumenthal state:

"The State Department was so concerned about the way the U.S. Communists and fellow-travelers were 'promoting' the children of executed spies Ethel and Julius Rosenberg that it suggested New York City's Welfare Department put the boys in a foster home and change their names."

One question stands out for all thoughtful people. What sinister forces are operating here and with what motive? What do they want to do with the Rosenberg children?

Nothing will be more appalling to the American people and to the rest of the world than the calculated manipulation of two innocent children to crush the world-wide sentiment in this case.

The custodianship of these children should have remained a family matter, and not a court-room spectacle. These outside agencies and committees that desire to assist the children financially and made a trust fund possible should be respected for the practical manner in which they substantiated their humane inclination.

IMPLICIT IN THE LANGUAGE AND REASONING OF THE REJECTED "BILL OF PARTICULARS" IS THE THREAT TO ALL THOSE WHO CRITICIZE OFFICIALDO IN ANY ISSUE.

The National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg Case is confident that the Americans who are truly interested in the welfare of these children want them to be accorded the same rights as other children. This means that they must not be torn away from their loved ones, but must be permitted to remain with their beloved grandmother, Mrs. Sophie Rosenberg.

We urge you to redouble your efforts immediately to see that telegrams and letters go to Surrogate William T. Collins, Surrogate's Court, 31 Chambers Street, New York City. His decision may be forthcoming at any time. Your voice and the voices of your acquaintances and leaders in your community is crucial at this moment.

RECEIVED
847120 JAN 10 1953

OFFICE MEMORANDUM . UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-41648) DATE: 4/19/54
FROM : SA LEON J. MEYER
SUBJECT: LOS ANGELES ROSENBERG-
SOBELL COMMITTEE
IS - C

On [REDACTED] furnished a typewritten
report by mail to SA HARRY H. WHIDBEE dated [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] b7D

HELEN SOBELL stated that MORTON (SOBELL) was not
allowed newspapers, not allowed to see the children, and is doing
work winding armatures. She stated that MORTON was convicted on

LJM:MAK

cc: ② - New York (REG)
(ROSENBERG-SOBELL COMMITTEE) 65-5082 (H.SOBELL)

100-45973 (H.SOBELL)

100-10711-456

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X
J.A. Harrington

LA 100-41648

conspiracy which to her meant that, for example, if someone robs a bank, he is charged with robbery. But if you were standing nearby and someone points a finger at you and says that you were there, that is conspiracy.

There was supposed to have been a brunch sponsored by the New York Committee on January 19, 1954, at Manhattan Towers at which 500 odd people were supposed to have attended.

[REDACTED]

msd

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, WFO (100-25474)

DATE:

FROM : WILLIAM T. FORSYTH, SA

SUBJECT: ROSENBERG - SOBELL COMMITTEE OF WASHINGTON, D. C.
INTERNAL SECURITY - C*Rosenberg, Sobell**105-3867-4872**Rosenberg-Sobell Youth Committee**100-107111-1315*

Rememo to SAC dated 4/1/54, and captioned COMINFIL OF THE PP OF D. C., wherein information was set forth from a newsletter of the Progressive Party dated March, 1954, to the effect that the ROSENBERG - SOBELL Committee would sponsor a speech by Dr. ROYAL W. FRANCES at Odd Fellows Hall, 9th and T Streets, N. W., Washington, D. C., on 4/7/54, at 8:30 P. M.

On 4/7/54, at 7:45 P. M. a surveillance was instituted in the vicinity of 9th and T Streets, N. W., Washington, D. C. The participating agents were EUGENE J. GARRETT, RICHARD B. LAVIN, J. WILLIAM MUNCY and WILLIAM T. FORSYTH. For the purpose of documentation this memorandum may be considered as the original source. (100-25474-885)

During the course of the surveillance, the aforementioned agents observed the following individuals enter the Odd Fellows Hall at 9th and T Streets, N. W.:

WTF:DL

(SEE PAGE TWO FOR ADDITIONAL COPIES)

100-107111-456A

INDEXED

FILED

APR 10 1954

4/11/54

WFO 100-25174

NORMAN LICHENSTEIN
WILLIAM HAYES
BETTY HAYES
ARLENE HAYES
AL UNDERWOOD
EMMA ROBINSON
GERTRUDE EVANS
HELEN WINIK
IRVING WINIK
AEE BLOOM
LOUIS PEARLMAN
REBECCA PEARLMAN
BEATRICE A. SMITH
JOHN RUDDER
DORIS RUDDER
MORRIS SOLOMON
WILLIAM SHONICK
HELEN SHONICK
JULIUS KAPLAN

IRA KLAFTER
MARY IRVING
GEORGE GOLDSTEIN
LOIS GOLDSTEIN
SHELDON DRESSLER
JOSEPH BELSER
ELEANOR BELSER
CHARLEY GIFT
JOHN B. STONE
MEYER KRAUS
NONNIE MAJCHRYK
CASEY GUERWITZ
SELMA REIN
LARRY ZIECHECK
EDDIE MAJCHRYK
MEYER SAMOLS
SELMA SAMOLS
BURT FELTER
ROYAL W. FRANCE

(COPIES CONTINUED)



WFO 100-25474

An unidentified young colored man was recognized by SA LAVIN as a man who works in the dry goods section of the R. MARS Store. His name was unknown.

In addition to the above information, the surveilling agents noted people either entering or leaving the Hall via automobiles bearing the following license tags. The information following the license numbers was ascertained from registration records for this license number.

<u>File Number</u>	<u>D. C. Tag</u>	<u>Registration</u>
	9-9862 (Ford)	OLIVER E. CASSELL
	5-3345	1311 Hamlin Street, N. E.
	2-6719 (Buick)	DOUGLAS and MAYME FECHLING
		3133 11th Street, N. W.
		ALBERT PEARLMAN
100-23258	8-7780	1217 Irving Street, N. W.
		MEYER KRAUS
101-439	9-7952	700 1st Street, S. E.
		JOSEPH FORER
	A 7990	1107 Trenton Place, S. E.
		EDWARD UMANS
100-18954	4-9298	3919 U Street, S. E.
		JACOB S. HYAMS
121-389	7-9537	4638 Livingston Road, S. E.
		MARIE SIEGRIST
121-3642	8-1049	1431 Iris Street, N. W.
		JOSEPH EELSER
		125 Joliet Street, S. W.

Maryland Tag

FB 85-62
FH 61-69
ED 78-42
FD 43-55
FE 48-33

(Unidentified due to new issue of registration numbers.)

[REDACTED] Metropolitan Police Department, Wash-
ington, D. C., advised that he and [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] were in a position to observe activities within the
aforementioned Odd Fellows Hall and noted that about 115 persons

WFO 100-25474

were in attendance. A collection was taken up by one JOSEPH SACKS, who was introduced as a former UPK organizer. It was announced subsequent to the collection that they had collected \$302.00.

The principal speaker, according to [REDACTED] was ROYAL W. FRANCE, who was introduced by [REDACTED] as a former College Professor. According to [REDACTED] this group was presenting a one act play entitled "The Rock," which depicted the arrest and conviction of MORTON SOBELL. [REDACTED] advised that an actor who portrayed an FBI Agent attempted to "3rd degree" DAVID GREENGLASS amid hisses from the audience. b2

The following individuals were recognized by [REDACTED]

JAYE HYAMS b2

MARGARET SHIPMAN [REDACTED]

JOE FORER, who delivered a short eulogy on MANUEL BLOCK.

[REDACTED] further furnished the writer the following pamphlets. b2

- (1) A six page mimeograph "reply brief in support of petition for writ of certiorari" in Case #497, MORTON SOBELL vs the United States of America in the Supreme Court of the U. S., October term, 1953.
- (2) A booklet on "MORTON SOBELL Petitioner vs the U. S. of America," a petition for a writ of certiorari to the U. S. Court of Appeals for the second court.
- (3) A seven page printed leaflet "Did the ROSENBERGS Have Full Measure of Justice?"

These pamphlets were obtained by [REDACTED] at the aforementioned meeting and will be retained in 100-25474-18. b2

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, WFO (100-25474)

DATE

FROM : SA ROBERT E. TORRENCE

APR 22 1954

SUBJECT: ROSENBERG SOBEL COMMITTEE
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

[REDACTED] was contacted by the writer on 4/13/54, at which time he furnished a handwritten report dated 4/7/54, concerning a meeting of the captioned committee held on 4/7/54, at Odd Fellows Hall, 9th and T Streets, N. E.

[REDACTED]

Informant advised that among those present at the ROSENBERG SOBEL COMMITTEE meeting he recognized the following:

RET:rip

1 - 100-421 C

1 - [REDACTED]

1 - 100-20866 (COMINFIL PROGRESSIVE PARTY
D. C.)

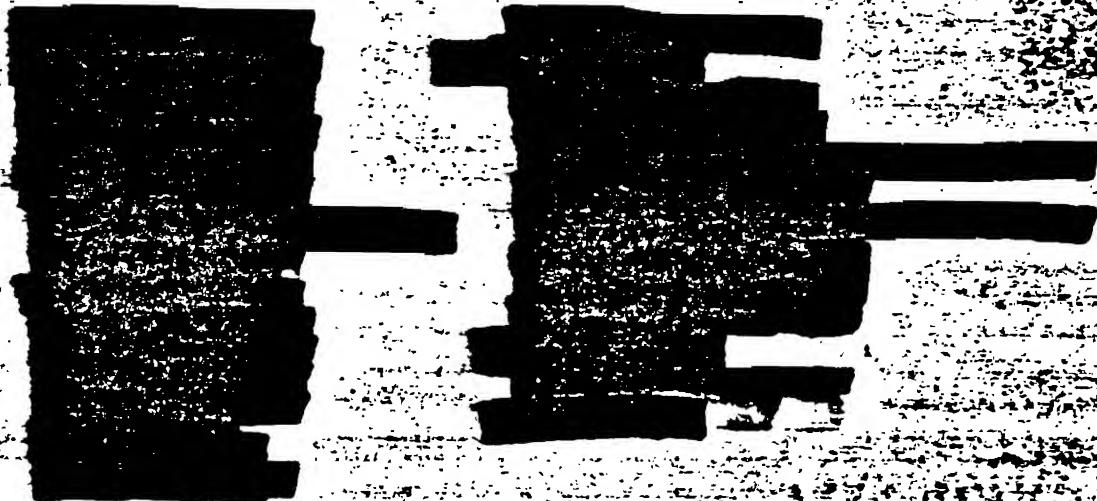
100-167111-14570

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SERIALIZED	FILED

APR 26 1954

FBI - NEW YORK

Harrington



b7D

Informant advised that ABE BLOOM acted as chairman, and EDDIE MAJCHERZYK as usher. Speeches were given by JOE FORER, ABE BLOOM, and JOE SACHS, from Baltimore. The main speaker was ROYAL FRANCE.

According to the informant, ROYAL FRANCE told a personal story about a friend of his in New York by the name of ALEXANDER FREDERICKS, whose son had committed highway robbery. FRANCE related how he took the boy to a ball game and later became acquainted with the boy's father whose hands had been amputated because of burns by electricity. FRANCE related that some of the things "about people" that he had learned from FREDERICKS, could not be learned from books.

According to the informant, ROYAL FRANCE then spoke about his going to Florida to be a college professor, and stated that he knew of a college there which was headed by a "liberal" who was a friend of his. FRANCE stated that he wrote to this friend and invited himself to be a college professor at this "liberal" college. He continued that he had been a lawyer for twenty-three years and a professor for twenty-three years; and intended to go on for twenty-three more years then retire.

ROYAL FRANCE named various countries in which he had been with the Communist Party, and stated that the United States is more excited than the rest of them. FRANCE stated that if the United States is afraid the handful of Communists in the United States will overthrow the government, then the government should be overthrown.

According to the informant, JOE SACHS, from Baltimore, spoke and stated that when he heard of the meeting he came down to Washington. He stated he did not come down just to return the favor to MORTON SOBEL, who helped him when he was in prison, but to get people to help MORTON SOBEL. SACHS stated "what's it worth to help MORTON SOBEL?" He then asked for a contribution.

b7D

WFO 100-25474

According to the informant, they had a dramatization of SOBEL in prison called, "The Rock."

SOB. TABOR asked everyone to pledge \$30.00—one dollar for each year in prison given to SOBEL, for his birthday. It was stated that SOBEL had sent money home to his family from the money he had earned while in prison. b7D

AHE BLOOM spoke on the ROSENBERG children, and talked as if there had been a discussion about sending the ROSENBERG children away, and changing their names, however, he stated that it had been decided that it was best for the children to stay with their foster parents.

[REDACTED] b7D

[REDACTED] b7D

[REDACTED] b7D

[REDACTED] b7D

[REDACTED] b7D

FBI, CHICAGO

AIRTEL
XXXXXX
4/23/54

DIRECTOR, FBI; SAC NEW YORK (AIR MAIL - REGISTERED)

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN ROSENBERG-SOBELL CASE, IS-C.
DAYLET. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] CAMPAIGN TO SECURE ADDITIONAL FUNDS FOR CARE OF ROSENBERG
CHILDREN, SAID CAMPAIGN TO BE MADE IN CONJUNCTION WITH FUND
RAISING FOR SOBELL CASE. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] EACH
PERSON RECEIVING A LETTER IS TO RAISE \$30. [REDACTED] LETTERS
ARE BEING CIRCULATED TO PEOPLE IN CHICAGO AREA AND IN CONJUNCTION
THEREWITH ENCLOSURES WILL BE PETITIONS CALLING FOR RELEASE
OF SOBELL FROM ALCAZAR. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] A HUGE DEMONSTRATION IN WASHINGTON, D.C.
[REDACTED] TO COMMEMORATE DEATH OF
ROSENBERGS. [REDACTED]

100-25530
CHT:CH

BAKISTEN

100-107115-1457

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 26 1954	
FBI - NEW YORK	

J.A. Harrington

FBI, BA

4/26/54

HJJ:cm

DIRECTOR, FBI AND SAC, NEW YORK

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG - SOBELL CASE, IS-C,
DALEY. BA 919-SO AND A FISUR OF THE BALTIMORE OFFICE ASCERTAINED
4/25/54 THAT CAPTIONED ORGANIZATION HELD A MEETING AT 1703 GWYNES
FALLS PARKWAY THAT DATE. DAVID ALMAN, NATIONAL FUNCTIONARY,
ROSENBERG COMMITTEE, WAS GUEST SPEAKER. DETAILS OF MEETING NOT
AVAILABLE AT THIS TIME.

ALDEN

END

100-14932

cc: 100-15241

100-107111-1458

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 27 1954	
FBI - NEW YORK	
J. A. Harrison	

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 26 1954	
FBI - BALTIMORE	

SAC, NY

April 26, 1954

EDMAN M. RABINOWITZ, SE (100-21)

MORNING FREIHEIT

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

The following editorial appeared in the "Morning Freiheit" of February 20, 1954, on page 4, columns 1-2:

The Outrageous Act Against The Rosenberg Children

Base, inhumane, unashamed and outrageous - this is what millions of people will stamp the black act of vengeance against the Rosenberg children which raging reaction has just committed.

For a year and a half the two children were with the Bach Family in Toms River, New Jersey. There the children had a warm home and concern for their health and well-being, but the reactionary beasts would not leave them alone. They made it impossible for them to attend school in Toms River. The school officials decided that there was no room for the children because they are not 'local inhabitants'.

A home was provided for them with a famous composer in New York. The composer, Abel Mirapol, who is known professionally as Louis Allen, and his wife encompassed the children with love and faith.

But did the dark forces leave the children alone after they were provided with a new, warm and fitting home, these two orphans whose parents were killed so brutally?

No! The defilers of all concepts of respectability and justice wove a net - to take revenge on the children. Speaking for the organization "Society For The Prevention Of Cruelty To Children", the gruesome act of tearing the children away from their new home was committed. Also involved in this disgraceful act are the 'providers' of the "Jewish Board of Guardians".

A whole squad of police were sent to take away the children, who were already in the pajamas ready for bed.

The COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL IN THE ROSENBERG CASE stated that this was an act which is unequalled in history. The COMMITTEE demands, justly, that - "the inhumane persecution of the Rosenberg

1 - NY 100-107111 (ROSENBERG CASE)

100-107111-2459

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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Harrington

children must be stopped".

Every honest person should, and will join in this demand!

Translated by SE HEDAN N. RABINOWITZ

SAC, NY

April 26, 1954

HYMAN N. RABINOWITZ, SE (100-7786)

IRVING GREENBERG
SECURITY MATTER - C

The "Morning Freiheit" of February 22, 1954, on page 5, columns 1-5, contained an article by 'Ber Green' (IRVING GREENBERG) entitled: "A Crime Which The World Will Not Forgive!". This article concerned the act of the New York Children's Court in taking the Rosenberg children away from Abel Mirapol.

Greenberg pictured the act as: "licentious, brutal, hypocritical, arrogant and torture of orphans of martyrs". The entire article is of the same nature.

Translated by SE HYMAN N. RABINOWITZ

1 - NY 100-21

1 - NY 100-107111

(MORNING FREIHEIT)
(ROSENBERG CASE)

100-107111-1460

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 27 1954	
FBI - NEW YORK	

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: SAC, New York (100-107111)

FROM: SAC, Philadelphia (100-37667)

SUBJECT: COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR
MORTON SOBELL IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
IS-C

DATE: 4/27/54

On 3/18/54 furnished SA CARLTON M. WOLFARTH
the following material

from the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton
Sobell in the Rosenberg Case, 1050 6th Avenue, NY 18, NY:

1. A letter signed by NORMA ARONSON, regarding guardianship
for MICHAEL and ROBBIE ROSENBERG.
2. A letter from EMILY ALMAN dated 3/12/54, setting forth
material which appeared in the February 1954 issue of the
Columbia Law Review.

These letters have been made into an exhibit and placed
in Philadelphia File 100-37667-1E-22 (17).

The above is furnished to the NYO for their information.

CHW:CMW

100-1

100-107111-1461

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 29 1954	
FBI - NEW YORK	

FILE # 100-107111

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL 1461 A DATE 4-27-64

CONSISTING OF 2 PAGES are

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.

FILE DESCRIPTION

NEW YORK FILE

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL
COMMITTEE

FILE NO. 100-107111

VOLUME NO. 36

SERIALS 1462

THRU

1467

Date: 1/78
(month/year)

FOI/DOJ

U. S. Department of Justice

(MATERIAL MUST NOT BE REMOVED FROM OR ADDED TO THIS FILE)

FEDERAL BUREAU

of

Subfile 100-387835
INVESTIGATION

Do not furnish any information from this file to any outside agency without the consent of Supervisor of Section 6.

NO INFORMATION FROM THIS FILE SHOULD BE THE SUBJECT MATTER OF A REPORT MEMO OR ANY CORRESPONDENCE OR INVESTIGATION CLEARANCE FROM 6.

See also Nos. _____

NPC General - Sub File A
 NPC Daily Worker - Sub File B
 NPC National Guardian - Sub File C
 NPC Morning Freiheit - Sub File D
 Prosecution Summary - Sub File E

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16-62991-2

NY Informants - Sub File F
 Miscellaneous Clubs - Sub File G
 N. Y. Area

*Pending Report
 in closed*

*R. Mendenhall
 2/18/55*

100-107111
Section 36
Serials 1468-1467
(acc)
[Signature]

FILE # 100-107111

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL 1462 DATE 4-29-54

CONSISTING OF 80 PAGES OF WHICH

PAGE 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66,
67, 68, 69, 17 are

● exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FORM NO. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **NEW YORK**

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

REPORT MADE AT BALTIMORE	DATE WHEN MADE 4/29/54	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 3/31;4/7;6/13,14; 7/10,28,29;8/14, 25;9/14;10/39/53; 1/21,22,25-27;2/ 8-12,16;3/8,11, 16,30,31;4/1,2, 5-7,12,14-17,21- 23, 26-28/54	REPORT MADE BY DONALD LEE MILLER ah
TITLE NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE			CHARACTER OF CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - C; INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Confidential Informants advised of variations of names used by organization in publicizing on behalf of JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG. [redacted] advised that additional subcommittees of local ROSENBERG Committee designated [redacted]. Informants advised NCSJRC and local committee aided and supported by Progressive Party of Md., Families of the Baltimore Smith Act Victims, Maryland Civil Rights Congress, Union Club, and Maryland Peace Council. Informants advised that local Committee continued efforts on behalf of JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG by distributing literature, appealing to the President and other Government officials for clemency, participating in picket lines in Washington, D.C., and raising funds. Informants advised that PAULINE BOYLER, LILLIAN FINE and LIBBY GOULD, CP members and/or sympathizers, continue as leaders of local Committee. Informants advised of CP support and attitude re ROSENBERG case. Aims and purposes and implementation of CP Line as reflected by organization's literature set forth.

b7D

- P# -

DETAILS: AT BALTIMORE, MARYLAND

All informants mentioned herein are of known reliability, unless otherwise noted.

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
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BA 100-15241		

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BA 100-15241

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- 2 - Baltimore (100-15241)

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The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case will be referred to as the NCSJRC hereinafter for the sake of brevity.

I. ORIGIN, SCOPE, AND GENERAL ACTIVITIES

A. Origin

The October 10, 1951 issue of the "National Guardian" contained, at the end of an article captioned, "The Letters of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg", an announcement as follows: "... Last week the formation began of a National Committee to Secure Justice for the ROSENBERGS. WILLIAM A. REUBEN, noted author of the Guardian series on the case, will act as provisional chairman. The formation of this committee was stimulated by the Guardian series on the case, and at the Guardian's suggestion, every effort will be made to enlist the committee from among rank and file people who are concerned over the case".

On January 3, 1952, [REDACTED] b7D
[REDACTED] furnished a copy of a press release dated December 31, 1951 which announced the formation of the NCSJRC with offices at 246 Fifth Ave., New York, New York.

The California Committee on Un-American Activities in its 1949 report, page 394, cited the "National Guardian" as "a publication launched in New York in 1948, aimed at national circulation, which, from its inception, was notoriously Stalinist in its staff, writers, management, and content".

On March 29, 1951, JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG were convicted in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York of conspiracy to commit espionage. They were sentenced to death on April 5, 1951 and were electrocuted at Ossining, New York, on June 19, 1953.

On June 19, 1952, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that a Baltimore Committee to Save the Rosenbergs was organized by an unidentified woman representative from the New York Committee to Save the Rosenbergs in charge of setting up Rosenberg Committees throughout the United States. [REDACTED] b7D

The Communist Party, hereinafter referred to as the CP, has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

During 1953, Confidential Informants furnished literature distributed in the Baltimore area which reflected that the MCSJRC and its local affiliate used the following variation of names in publicizing on behalf of the ROSENBERGS:

National Labor Committee for Clemency for the Rosenbergs () 1/8/53)

Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs () 1/8/53)

Baltimore Clemency Committee for the Rosenbergs () 4/23/53)

Baltimore Committee for Clemency for the Rosenbergs () 6/17/53)

National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg - Sobell Case () 11/3/53)

Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg - Sobell Case () 11/3/53) b7D

On February 16, 1953, Confidential Informant



HELEN SOBELL is the wife of MORTON SOBELL, who was convicted on March 29, 1951 in the U.S. District

Court for the Southern District of New York of conspiracy to commit espionage. On April 5, 1951, he was sentenced to 30 years imprisonment.

During July, 1951, Confidential Informant [redacted] advised that he was unable to state whether PAULINE BOYER was, or was not, a member of the CP; however, informant stated, at the time, that she frequently attends meetings of CP dominated or infiltrated organizations and associates with CP members. On July 24, 1951, [redacted] advised that PHILIP BOYER, husband of PAULINE BOYER, was a member of the CP in 1951 and attended CP meetings. b7D

On July 18, 1953, Confidential Informant [redacted] advised that [redacted] b7D

On September 30, 1953, Confidential Informant [redacted] advised that the Baltimore Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case changed its name to the Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg - Sobell Case and was working to have the Attorney General not oppose motions for a new trial for MORTON SOBELL and was urging the Attorney General to transfer SOBELL from the "inhumane conditions at Alcatraz." b7D

B. Scope

1. Progressive Party Activity

On November 30, 1953, Confidential Informant [redacted] advised that the Progressive Party of Maryland was dominated and controlled by District #4, CP, and was used to further the aims of the CP; however, all members of the Progressive Party of Maryland were not necessarily members of the CP. b7D

On October 31, 1952, Confidential Informant [redacted] advised [redacted] b7D

[REDACTED]

On December 2, 1952, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised [REDACTED] b7D

[REDACTED] that the Progressive Party of Maryland was now concentrating its efforts in working on the Rosenberg case among other issues such as winning the peace and anti-discrimination cases. b7D

On August 7, 1952, [REDACTED] advised that MILTON BATES was a member of District #4, CP. b7D

On December 10, 1952, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised [REDACTED] b7D

Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised on December 12, 1952 [REDACTED] b7D

On January 7, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that literature issued by the WCSJRC was being mailed in Delaware. Informant advised that in his opinion the mailing list of the Progressive Party of Delaware was being used for this literature distribution. b7D

On August 25, 1950, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that the Progressive Party of Delaware was a working ally of the CP and was controlled and dominated by members of the CP. b7D

On January 21, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised [REDACTED] b7D

[REDACTED] b7D
On February 6, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] that letters and telegrams to President EISENHOWER and Congress must continue and that everyone must give and solicit as much money as possible. b7D

During 1952, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that ETHEL WEICHBROD was active in the Progressive Party of Maryland and held meetings of the Prince Georges - Montgomery Counties Section of the Progressive Party at her home. Informant also advised that WEICHBROD attended two meetings of the Washington Committee to Defend the Bill of Rights during 1952. b7D

On June 24, 1952, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that the Washington Committee to Defend the Bill of Rights was dominated and controlled by the CP of Washington, D.C. Informant based this opinion on the fact that all members of this organization were either Communists or in sympathy with the CP program and policy. b7D

On March 23, 1953 and February 24, 1953, respectively, Confidential Informants [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] furnished a copy of a one-page mimeographed "Bulletin" issued by the Progressive Party of Maryland. This "Bulletin" urges the reader to communicate with President EISENHOWER, respectfully asking that he recall his decision against executive clemency in the Rosenberg Case. b7D

On May 25, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised [REDACTED] b7D

On June 10, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised [REDACTED] b7D

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] Rosenberg vigil which was to be held in Washington, D.C. during the period June 14 to 18, 1953. b7D

On June 18, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] furnished a copy of a mimeographed letter from the Progressive Party of Maryland, 2632 Pennsylvania Avenue, Baltimore, and signed by MILTON BATES, Executive Secretary. This letter contained an urgent appeal to the recipient to protest to the President of the United States in behalf of ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG. b7D

On June 29, 1953 and July 1, 1953, respectively, Confidential Informants [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] furnished copies of "The Maryland Progressive" dated June, 1953, published by the Progressive Party of Maryland, which states that although JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG are tragically dead, the Rosenberg Case must remain alive until the whole truth is revealed to the people of America and the world. This leaflet is further quoted as follows: "The Eisenhower administration and its 'Justice' Department proved to themselves that they would ignore the cries of millions who had pleaded for clemency. They proved to the world, however, that their shocking haste can only have been motivated by fear, fear that the Rosenbergs alive might be able to prove the innocence they asserted thru two tortured years in the death house and up to the moment of their violent death." b7D

On July 14, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] b7D

On September 29, 1953 and September 22, 1953, respectively, Confidential Informants [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] advised that the Progressive Party of Maryland was selling books entitled "Death House Letters" for \$1.00 per copy. Informants advised that this book was a collection of the letters of JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG and that a portion of the profits is supposed to be devoted to the support of the Rosenberg children. b2D

2. Activities of the Families of the Baltimore Smith Act Victims

The Families of the Baltimore Smith Act Victims has been designated by the Attorney General of

The United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

During January, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED], whose identity may be revealed only upon issuance of a subpoena duces tecum, advised that the Families of the Baltimore Smith Act Victims contributed \$5.00 to the NCSJRC on December 16, 1952. b7D

3. Civil Rights Congress Activities

The Civil Rights Congress has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

On January 12, 1953 and January 13, 1953, respectively, Confidential Informants [redacted] and [redacted] furnished copies of "The CRC Bulletin", #3, December, 1952, issued by the Maryland CRC. This Bulletin relates that a vigil before the White House will be set up shortly after Christmas to urge clemency for the ROSENBERGS and that all readers are urged to wire President TRUMAN to spare the lives of the ROSENBERGS. b2D

On March 19, 1953 and April 4, 1953, respectively, Confidential Informants [redacted] and [redacted] advised [redacted]

On March 17, 1953 and March 16, 1953, respectively, Confidential Informants [redacted] and [redacted] furnished copies of the "CRC Bulletin", March, 1953 issued by the Maryland CRC. This Bulletin contained an article under the caption "Rosenbergs Can Still Be Saved" as follows: "It is not yet too late to save the lives of JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG. The two men most responsible for the discovery of the atomic bomb, Dr. ALBERT EINSTEIN and HAROLD UREY have grave questions concerning their conviction. The Pope in answer to thousands of pleas has urged EISENHOWER to commute the death sentences. EISENHOWER can still grant clemency! If the people speak loudly enough, he will reconsider. Send your wire today to the President urging him to grant clemency!" b7D

BA 100-15241

On April 15, 1953, Confidential Informants [redacted] and [redacted] advised that members of the CRC distributed approximately 500 leaflets on April 8, 1953 in the East Baltimore area surrounding Broadway, Gay and Preston Streets. Informants advised that the leaflets were entitled "Fact Sheet in the Rosenberg Case" and were distributed in doorways of houses in response to a request from the Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case. b2D

During April, 1953, Confidential Informants [redacted] and [redacted] advised [redacted]

On May 13, 1953, Confidential Informant [redacted] advised [redacted]

On June 10, 1953, Confidential Informant [redacted] advised that members of the Maryland CRC distributed four hundred leaflets entitled "New Evidence in the Rosenberg Case", issued by the CSJRC in the East Baltimore Section of the city. b7D

Confidential Informant [redacted] advised on June 19, 1953 [redacted]

On June 11, 1953, Confidential Informant [redacted] advised that NADYA SCHWARTZ, Secretary of the Maryland CRC, [redacted] b2D

[REDACTED] b7D

During February, 1954, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that he observed NADJA B. SCHWARTZ in close association during January and February, 1954 with an individual identified by Confidential Informant [REDACTED] as a high-ranking District #4, CP, [REDACTED] b7D

During June, 1953, Confidential Informants [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Informants advised that the CRC members picketed the White House for approximately two hours, carrying signs urging clemency for the Rosenbergs, and then returned to Baltimore. On June 29, 1953, [REDACTED] advised that four members of the Maryland CRC marched in the picket line for the Rosenbergs at Washington, D.C. on June 18, 1953. b7D

During the period August to October, 1953, Confidential Informants [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] advised that the Maryland CRC was urging the sale of the book "Death House Letters of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg". Informants advised that the book was sold for \$1.00 per copy and that the profits, or a portion thereof, were to be used in setting up a trust fund for the Rosenberg children. b7D

BA 100-15241
DLH:pom

4. Activities Of The Union Club

On February 2, 1952, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that the Union Club was formed in Baltimore, Maryland during January 1952 to deal with the problems of labor in the State of Maryland, and that the organization was affiliated with the National Negro Labor Council. Confidential Informants [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] advised that three of the four officers of this organization were members of District 4, CP. b7D

Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that the National Negro Labor Council was a CP front organization. b7D

On March 5, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] b7D
Rosenberg rally to be held on March 7 and 8, 1953 at New York City.

Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised on April 2, 1953 that he [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] b7D
During the period, June 15-18, 1953, Confidential Informants [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] b7D
On June 26, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that he [REDACTED]

BA 100-15241

DLM:pom

[REDACTED] b7D

On July 21, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] b7D

5. Maryland Peace Council Activities

On November 25, 1953 and November 23, 1953 respectively, Confidential Informants [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] advised that the Maryland Peace Council was formed during the latter part of 1949 by members of District 4, CP, as a new CP front organization to propagate the peace line of the CP. [REDACTED] advised that the organization has always been completely dominated and controlled by members of District 4, CP, and that many reputable individuals and organizations originally approving of the organization subsequently withdrew their support. b7D

On March 16, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] b7D

During September 1952, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that LILLIAN FINN was a member of District 4, CP. b7D

6. Attempts To Secure Support Of Negroes

On April 2, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] furnished a leaflet captioned "The Negro People Speak Out On The Rosenberg Case", b7D

BA 100-15241
DLM:pom

distributed by the NCSJRC, which sets forth the statements of "a few representative Negro leaders who have spoken out in an effort to defend American justice by saving the ROSENBERGS' lives". The leaflet lists the names of several prominent Negro leaders and urges the reader to write the President and Attorney General asking for clemency for the ROSENBERGS.

On April 14, 1953, Confidential Informant [redacted] furnished a copy of the above leaflet and stated that [redacted]

On September 24, 1952, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that MARGARET DOCKINS was formerly Group Captain of the Sojourner Truth Section, District 4, CP. b7D

C. General Activities

On November 30, 1952, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that

On December 23, 1952, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] furnished a copy of a mimeographed letter dated December 11, 1952 and

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distributed by the Baltimore Committee To Urge Clemency For The Rosenbergs. This letter states that the Committee has been active for the past several weeks publicizing the ROSENBERG case and urging people to write and wire President TRUMAN for executive clemency. The letter states that thousands of pieces of literature are to be mailed and distributed throughout the city and closes with an appeal for contributions to help carry on the work of the Committee.

During December 1952 and January-February 1953, Confidential Informants [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] advised that the Baltimore Committee To Secure Justice In The Rosenberg Case organized groups of people to travel to Washington, D.C. on December 27-29, 1952 to participate in the vigil for the ROSENBERGS at the White House. Informants advised that these people from Baltimore were assigned duty in the picket line at the office of the Rosenberg Committee, 1867 Kalorama Road, NW, Washington, D.C., and usually returned to Baltimore after completing their tour. b7D

During January 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that the following people contributed money to the NCSJRC in amounts and on dates as indicated below: b7D

<u>Name</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Date</u>
L. TEITELBAUM 1412 University Lane	\$325.00	July 15, 1952
HAROLD BUCHMAN	\$ 10.00	July 29, 1952
ETHEL WEICHEROD	\$ 20.00	August 18, 1952
ELSIE B. REEVES	\$ 3.50	November 5, 1952
LILLIAN FINN	\$ 68.00	November 5, 1952

On May 27, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that LENITA TEITELBAUM was a member of the CP in Washington, D.C. b7D

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On October 19, 1949, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that HAROLD BUCHMAN was a member of the ~~White Collar Section~~, District 4, CP, in Baltimore prior to his entrance into the United States Navy in February 1944 and a member of the ~~Civic Club~~, District 4, CP, in Baltimore following his return from military service during April 1946. Informant stated that because of his position as State Director of the Progressive Party of Maryland (1948-1949), BUCHMAN has been extremely careful not to be linked with the CP although informant was of the opinion that he was still a CP member.

During January 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] of unknown reliability, who has furnished information in the past, some of which has been reliable, and Confidential Informant [REDACTED] of unknown reliability, advised that ELSIE D. REEVES received a bundle during November 1952 which contained approximately thirty to fifty copies of the "Daily Worker." b7D

The "Daily Worker" is an East coast Communist newspaper.

On January 5, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that a group [REDACTED] b7D

On January 9, 1953 and January 10, 1953 respectively, Confidential Informants [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED] b7D

[REDACTED] over ten thousand pieces of literature had been distributed by the Baltimore [REDACTED] b2D

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Committee, and that some degree of success had been achieved in securing prominent people in the Jewish neighborhoods and among the clergy to support the clemency efforts. [REDACTED] stated that there were [REDACTED] b2D

The January 4, 1953 edition of the "Sunday Star", Wilmington, Delaware, contained an article captioned "Clemency Plea for Spy Pair Mailed Here", on page 1, column 4, which stated that an anonymous source in Wilmington was mailing out pamphlets published by the WCSJRC in New York asking clemency for JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG.

On January 12, 1953, Confidential Informant T-30 advised that MARCELLA AVNET recently stated that the local Rosenberg Committee had been able to raise only \$120 of the \$500 needed to advertise urging executive clemency for the ROSENBERGS.

On November 12, 1952, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that MARCELLA AVNET was a Section Organizational Secretary of District 4, CP, and was a member of the Organizational Secretaries Commission, b7D District 4, CP.

On February 2, 1953, the Honorable SAMUEL N. FRIEDEL, House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., advised that MARCELLA AVNET, LUCILLE NICHOL, and MARY ROBERTS visited his office on January 31, 1953 to intercede for the ROSENBERGS.

On February 18, 1949, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that LUCILLE NICHOL was a member of District 4, CP. b7D

On October 28, 1952, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that MARY ROBERTS was known to him as a CP member. b7D

During February 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that the Baltimore Committee To Urge Clemency In The Rosenberg Case b7D

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On February 18, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that a group [REDACTED]

b7D

On March 6, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised [REDACTED]

b7D

On March 12, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that leaflets in behalf of the ROSENBERGS were distributed in the "Little Italy" section of Baltimore, on March 10, 1953. Informant advised that the picket line in Washington, D.C., had been discontinued but that the local Rosenberg Committee was continuing its efforts in Baltimore by distributing leaflets. b7D

During March, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that the Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency in the Rosenberg Case [REDACTED]

On March 25, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that PAULINE BOYER [REDACTED] was in New York during March, 1953, to attend a tremendous banquet for the ROSENBERGS and that thousands of people attended from all parts of the country. b7D

During March, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that the following individuals contributed funds to the NCSJRC:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Date</u>
DONALD STEPHENS	\$30	2/5/53
JOSEPH SCHEK	\$ 5	2/20/53
PAULINE BOYER	\$25	3/18/53

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On January 22, 1954, Confidential Informant T-32 advised that [REDACTED]

On February 17, 1947 and March 24, 1952, [REDACTED] a reliable source for the FBI [REDACTED]

[REDACTED], during 1943 - 1949, advised that JOSEPH SCHEK was a member of the Youth Club of the CP at Washington, D.C., during 1946, and that he was listed as Press Director of the Youth Club of the CP. b7D

On April 2, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised [REDACTED]

On April 9, 1953, [REDACTED] Chevrolet Plant, Broening Highway, Baltimore, advised that four women had distributed pamphlets to workers changing shifts at the Chevrolet plant on that date. [REDACTED] furnished several copies of the pamphlet "Fact Sheet in the Rosenberg Case" issued by the NCSJRC, 1050 6th Avenue, New York 18, New York. b7D

On April 13, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that the Committee to Save the Rosenbergs [REDACTED]

On April 21, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that a delegation from the local Rosenberg Committee was supposed to go to Washington, D. C. [REDACTED] b7D

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On April 29, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that a small group of people representing the Baltimore Rosenberg Committee and the Maryland CRC, distributed approximately 1500 copies of a "National Guardian" reprint refuting some of the witnesses and evidence in the ROSENBERG case, in the northwest section of Baltimore. On April 28, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] furnished a copy of this reprint, captioned "The Missing Table; The Proof that Key Rosenberg Case Witnesses Lied" and advised that he observed numerous other copies which had been distributed in doorways and on porches in the northwest section of Baltimore. b7D

During May, 1953, Confidential Informant [T-3] advised that GERT SWOGERL was handling arrangements for a meeting of the Rosenberg Committee to be held in Washington, D.C. on May 10, 1953, and that she was attempting to secure a local group from Baltimore to attend this meeting.

During October, 1952, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that GERT SWOGELL was known to him as a Communist Party member.

On May 19, 1953, [redacted] Plumber's Union, Local 48, 1133 Harford Road, Baltimore, furnished copies of two leaflets issued by the NCSJRC and the Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs, and stated that labor unions throughout the Baltimore area were receiving this type of literature through the mail. b7D

On May 27, 1953, Confidential Informant [redacted] advised that the Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency in the Rosenberg Case was planning [redacted]

On May 27, 1953, Confidential Informant T-34 advised that GERT SWOGELL stated that a great deal of activity was planned by the local Rosenberg Committee for the next few weeks. According to T-34, SWOGELL stated that leaflets, petitions, and postcards were being printed and that leaflets would be distributed in downtown Baltimore on May 28 and 29, 1953, as well as in the outlying sections of Baltimore.

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On June 4, 1953, Confidential Informant T-34 advised that GERT SWOGELL stated that a huge delegation from 50 cities was to be in Washington, D.C. on that date to see their representatives and senators as well as President EISENHOWER in connection with the Rosenberg case. Informant advised that Baltimore delegates were to assemble at the home of PHIL BOYER in order to go to Washington, D.C., for this activity and to attend a large meeting there.

During June, 1953, Confidential Informants [REDACTED] and [REDACTED]

On June 3, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that the Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency in the Rosenberg Case [REDACTED]

b7D

[REDACTED] was not only to raise funds for the defense of the ROSENBERGS but also to stimulate and report on local activity in behalf of the ROSENBERGS. b7D

On November 12, 1952, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that JEUNETTE FINO was a member of the Organizational Secretaries Commission, District 4, Communist Party, USA. b7D

During June, 1953, Confidential Informants [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] advised that the Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency in the Rosenberg Case organized a group of approximately 60 people to travel to Washington, D.C. by automobile and train on June 14, 1953 to participate in picketing activities and a mass rally on behalf of the ROSENBERGS. [REDACTED] advised that the group marched in the picket line until approximately 3:45 when everyone adjourned to a building at 9th and Constitution Avenues, Washington, D.C., for a meeting. b7D

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██████ estimated that there were 5000 people picketing in the vicinity of the White House, 2000 of whom came from New York City by special train. b7D

On June 16, 1953, Confidential Informant T-34 advised that the local Rosenberg Committee was urging people to call SAMUEL FRIEDEL, U.S. Congressman from Maryland, and request that FRIEDEL contact President EISENHOWER and U.S. Attorney General BROWNELL to urge executive clemency for the ROSENBERGS.

On June 17, 1953, Confidential Informant ██████ advised that delegates from Baltimore, consisting groups of four to eight individuals, traveled to Washington, D.C., by auto, for picket duty at intervals of every two to four hours, during the period June 14-18, 1953. Informant stated that GERT SWOGELL related that the demonstration around the White House would be "stepped up" on June 18, 1953, particularly in the evening near the hour at which the ROSENBERGS were scheduled to be executed. b7D

During June 18-22, 1953, Confidential Informants ██████ and T-30 advised that the Baltimore Rosenberg Committee continued to send individuals to Washington, D.C., by auto to participate in the ROSENBERG vigil around the White House on June 18, 1953. ██████ stated that upon arrival in Washington, on June 18, 1953, the picketers were sent to 1867 Kalorama Road, NW, to receive instructions and were then placed in the picket lines around the Treasury Building and the White House for two hour shifts. b7D

Confidential Informant ██████ estimated that there were approximately 6000 individuals participating in the vigil and that there was no disorder. b7D

During June, 1953, Confidential Informant ██████ advised that during May and June, 1953, LILLIAN FIEN contributed \$290 to the NCSJRC at New York City.

On July 23, 1953, Confidential Informant ██████ furnished a copy of a leaflet captioned "To the Seamen and Dock-Laborers of the United States", which protested the "murder" of JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG as a "plot to establish the reign of Fascist terror.. to scare the people of America and break their resistance to the program of Fascism in the states." ██████ advised that these leaflets were distributed at the Locust Point pier of the Key Highway plant of the Bethlehem Steel Company, Baltimore. b7D

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On August 17, 1953, Confidential Informant [redacted] furnished information concerning the [redacted]

[redacted] T-36 advised that the purpose of the above meeting was to assemble the people of the Eastern seaboard to exchange experiences and to discuss why they did not save the ROSENBERGS. Informant also advised that it was planned to discuss methods to get the support of the labor movement in order to secure justice for MORTON SOBELL. b2D

On September 28, 1953, Confidential Informant [redacted] advised that the Committee to Secure Justice in the ROSENBERG - SOBELL case, was circulating a letter urging the reader to write to the Attorney General urging him not to oppose the motion for a new trial for MORTON SOBELL. On September 30, 1953, Confidential Informant [redacted] advised that this leaflet was being widely distributed by the local committee and that the leaflet was urging the transfer of SOBELL from the "inhuman conditions of Alcatraz".

During September, 1953, Confidential Informant [redacted] advised that PAULINE MOYER paid \$52.82 during September, 1953 to the NCSJRC at New York City, and that JOSEPH SCHEK contributed \$1 during July, 1953.

On October 8, 1953, Confidential Informant [redacted] advised the the local Rosenberg Committee was handling the sale of the book entitled "Death House Letters of ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG" in Baltimore. Informant stated that the book was supposedly a compilation of the letters of JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG written to each other while they were confined in prison prior to their execution. b7D

II. LITERATURE DISTRIBUTED

Set forth below is a list of literature concerning the Rosenberg Case which has been distributed in the Maryland and Delaware area during 1952-1953. The column headings below indicate respectively the source from which the FBI received the literature, date received, the title or headline of the literature, and the author and/or publisher of the material. In most instances additional copies of the material have been received from other sources but for the sake of brevity only one source is being listed herein:

<u>SOURCE</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	<u>AUTHOR AND/OR PUBLISHER</u>
[REDACTED]	1/3/53	"The Rosenberg Case", reprint from "The Nation," 11/8/52	Author: ARTHUR GARFIELD HAYS
[REDACTED]	1/3/53	"The Facts in the Rosenberg Case"	NCSJRC, 1050 Avenue of Americas, New York 18, N. Y.
[REDACTED]	1/3/53	"A Fact Sheet on Anti-Semitism in the Case: Newspaper Comment"	NCSJRC 246 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.
[REDACTED]	1/8/53	"FBI Affidavit admits witness Lied in Rosenberg Case"	Issued by: National Labor Committee for Clemency for the Rosenbergs, 1050 Sixth Ave., New York 18, N. Y.
[REDACTED] b7D	1/8/53	"Comments from the Jewish Press on Clemency for ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG"	Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Ave., New York 18, N. Y.

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<u>SOURCE</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	<u>AUTHOR AND/OR PUBLISHER</u>
[REDACTED]	1/8/53	"Rabbis of Jerusalem Call for Clemency for the Rosenbergs."	Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs, P. O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Md.
[REDACTED]	1/8/53	"The Rosenberg Case"	Author: D. M. PRITT Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
[REDACTED]	1/8/53	"To Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case"	Author: WILLIAM A. REUBEN Issued by: NCSJRC, 246 Fifth Avenue, New York 1, N. Y.
[REDACTED]	1/9/53	letter requesting contributions, 12/16/52	Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency in the Rosenberg Case, P. O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Md.
[REDACTED]	1/30/53	"Appeal for Executive Clemency for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg"	National Labor Committee for Clemency for the Rosenbergs, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York, N. Y. 670
[REDACTED]	1/31/53	"Mercy for the Rosenbergs," reprint from "The Nation", 1/10/53	Author: FRED KIRCHWEY Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
[REDACTED]	2/11/53	"Must the Rosenbergs Die?", announcement of a meeting, 2/11/53.	Auspices: Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs, P.O.Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Md.

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<u>SOURCE</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	<u>AUTHOR AND/OR PUBLISHER</u>
[REDACTED]	2/13/53	"Four Good Reasons," reprint from "The Afro-American," 1/31/53	Reprint by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N.Y.
[REDACTED]	2/13/53	letter requesting action to save the Rosenbergs, 2/12/53	Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs, P. O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Md.
T-39	2/16/53	"Do Not Let the Rosenbergs Die!" announcement of Union Square meeting, NYC 10/29/52	Auspices: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
[REDACTED]	2/16/53	"Comments From the Jewish Press on Clemency for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg"	Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
[REDACTED]	3/6/53	"The Electric Chair Can't Kill the Doubts in the Rosenberg Case	Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
[REDACTED]	3/9/53	"All Faiths Ask Clemency for the Rosenbergs"	Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
[REDACTED]	3/12/53	"If You Knew..."	Issued by: National Labor Committee for Clemency for the Rosenbergs, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.

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<u>SOURCE</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	<u>AUTHOR AND/OR PUBLISHER</u>
[REDACTED]	3/12/53	"Sister of Vanzetti Appeals to the President for Clemency for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg"	Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
[REDACTED]	3/18/53	"Fact Sheet in the Rosenberg Case."	NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
[REDACTED]	3/18/53	"Court of Appeals Grants Rosenbergs Stay of Execution"	Issued by: National Labor Committee for Clemency for the Rosenbergs, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
[REDACTED]	4/1/53	"Amicus Brief in the Rosenberg Case"	NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
[REDACTED]	4/14/53	"The Negro People Speak Out on the Rosenberg Case."	Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
[REDACTED]	4/23/53	"...A Case on America's Conscience, Clemency Bulletin ..."	Issued by: Baltimore Clemency Committee for the Rosenbergs, P. O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Md.
[REDACTED] b7D	5/7/53	"Excerpts from Petition of Ethel Rosenberg for Executive Clemency to the President of the United States"	Published by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.

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<u>SOURCE</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	<u>AUTHOR AND/OR PUBLISHER</u>
[REDACTED] Plumbers Hall, 1133 Harford Rd., Baltimore 2, Md.	5/19/53	"Text of Green- glass Document"	Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 16, N. Y.
[REDACTED] Plumbers Hall 1133 Harford Rd. Baltimore 2, Md.	5/19/53	"Clemency for the Rosenbergs," Reprints from "New York Times", May 4, 1953, and "Cleveland Plain Dealer," 5/7/53	Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 16, N. Y.
[REDACTED]	5/20/53	"The Missing Table: Baltimore Committee The Proof that Key to Urge Clemency for Witnesses Lied," reprint from "National Guardian", 4/13/53	the Rosenbergs, P. O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Md.
[REDACTED]	6/2/53	"New Evidence in the Rosenberg Case"	Issued by: Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs, P. O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Md.
[REDACTED] Railway Express Agency, Baltimore, Md.	6/6/53	"Parents to Die on Wedding Anniversary, Rosenberg Children Plead with President."	Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
T-14	6/8/53	"Rally to the Defense of the Rosenbergs"	(Invitation to a meeting on 6/6/53 at 3444 Auchentoroly Terrace, Baltimore, Maryland)

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<u>SOURCE</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	<u>AUTHOR AND/OR PUBLISHER</u>
[REDACTED]	6/16/53	Reprint of a letter of MICHAEL ROSENBERG to President EISENHOWER	Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs, P. O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Md.
[REDACTED]	6/17/53	Postal card Announcing vigil at Washington, D. C., 6/14/53	Sponsors: Baltimore Committee for Clemency for the Rosenbergs
[REDACTED]	6/17/53	Letter regarding contradictory testimony of David Greenglass, 6/11/53	Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs, P. O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Md.
[REDACTED]	6/24/53	"Address by Stephen Love, Triborough Stadium, Randall's Island, New York, Sunday, May 3, 1953."	Unknown
[REDACTED]	7/23/53	"To the Seamen and Dock-laborers of the United States"	Unknown
[REDACTED]	8/20/53	"The Vatican and the Rosenberg Case"	Reprinted by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N.Y.
[REDACTED]	8/20/53	"Memorandum Describing Lawyer's Interview with Ruth Greenglass"	Reprinted by NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.

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<u>SOURCE</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	<u>AUTHOR AND/OR PUBLISHER</u>
[REDACTED]	8/20/53	"Clemency Petition" Addressed to President DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER	Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs, P. O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Md.
[REDACTED]	10/8/53	"Doath House Letters of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg", book	Jero Publishing Co. Inc 401 Broadway, New York 13, N. Y.
[REDACTED]	11/3/53	"America's Conscience Speaks on the Rosenberg Execution"	NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
[REDACTED]	11/3/53	letter re MORTON SOBELL and dissent- ing opinion of Judge BLACK, 9/18/53	Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg - Sobell Case, P.O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Md.
[REDACTED]	11/3/53	"Has an Innocent Man Been Sentenced to Living Death in Alcatraz because of 'A-spy' Hysteria", reprint from "National Guardian", 8/17/53	National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg - Sobell Case, 1050 Sixth Ave., New York 18, N. Y.
[REDACTED]	1/14/54	"Einstein Supports Rosenberg Appeal"	Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.

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<u>SOURCE</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	<u>AUTHOR AND/OR PUBLISHER</u>
[REDACTED]	1/27/54	"Did the Rosenbergs Have Full Measure of Justice?"	Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.

III. OFFICERS

On December 23, 1952, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] furnished a copy of a letter dated December 11, 1952, headed Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs, P. O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Maryland, which stated that any contributions to the Committee by check should be made out to Mrs. PAULINE BOYER, Secretary of the Committee. b7D

On January 15, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED] b7D

During August, 1951, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that LIBBY GOULD was not known to him as a member of the Communist Party although she participated in activities of Communist Party controlled and dominated groups. b7D

On February 6, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED] PAULINE BOYER, was a member of the Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case and that LILLIAN FINN was Chairman of this Committee. b7D

On February 16, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED] b7D

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On February 13, 1953, [REDACTED] furnished a copy of a printed letter dated February 12, 1953, under the heading of the Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs, P. O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Maryland, which was signed by PAULINE BOYER, Secretary. b7D

On February 16, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that PAULINE BOYER held an important position in the local Rosenberg Committee. b7D

On February 16, 1953, Confidential Informant T-42 advised that LIL FIEN recently stated that she was very busy with Rosenberg Committee work at that time.

On March 18, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that he recently [REDACTED] the Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency in the Rosenberg Case through PAULINE BOYER, Secretary. b7D

On April 15, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that he recently observed [REDACTED] b7D

On June 11, 1953, Confidential Informant T [REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED] b7D

On June 17, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] furnished a copy of a printed letter dated June 11, 1953, under the heading of the Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs and signed by PAULINE BOYER. b7D

On June 6, 1953, [REDACTED] Railway Express Agency, Baltimore, Maryland, advised that LILLIAN FIEN, 3444 Auchentoroly Terrace, Baltimore, Maryland, received a bundle of leaflets captioned "Parents to Die on Wedding Anniversary, Rosenberg Children Plead with President" from the NCSJRC, Box 2, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York City. b7D

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On October 6, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED], PAULINE BOYER, was scheduled to attend a large Rosenberg Committee meeting in Philadelphia or New York City the weekend of October 3, 1953. b7D

IV. AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

On January 9, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] furnished a printed letter dated December 16, 1952, from the Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs, P. O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Maryland, over the signature of PAULINE BOYER, Secretary. This letter was addressed to "Dear Friend" and stated as follows: b2D

".... The Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs is participating in a National Campaign to appeal to President Truman for Executive Clemency. We believe that the question of innocence or guilt should not be the important issue. The important issue is that the punishment exceeds the alleged crime in view of the sentences given to the confessed Atomic Boys.

"In order to reach thousands of our neighbors and friends, funds are urgently needed. It may interest you to know that we attempted to purchase newspaper ads and were refused. Consequently we must publish thousands of pieces of literature, leaflets, etc., and have money for mailings.

"We are also preparing to participate in the National Clemency and Prayer Meeting in Washington, D. C., on January 4, 5. We wish to send people to see President Truman personally and to also participate in the Vigil at the White House.

"Your cooperation and money is needed. We can save the Rosenbergs from death if thousands do speak out and if we are able to pierce the black-out of the press and bring the facts to the public.

"Please send us your contribution by return mail...."

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On January 10, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that he attended a mass meeting of the NCSJRC at 1867 Kalorama Road, Washington, D. C., on January 4, 1953, and that DAVE ALMAN from the National office of the NCSJRC was the principal speaker. According to [REDACTED] ALMAN stated that the outlook in the fight for clemency was not as bright as it might seem to be and that everyone must fight even harder if the Judge grants time for an appeal to the President. ALMAN urged all the people to triple their efforts to secure clemency for the Rosenbergs because if the President failed to review the case practically, all hope would be lost. b7D

On March 18, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] stated that [REDACTED] b7D

On April 15, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] furnished a leaflet captioned "1.... A Case on America's Conscience' Clemency Bulletin" issued by the Baltimore Clemency Committee for the Rosenbergs, Box 2521, Arlington Station, which contained the following statement: b7D

".... We urge the following steps:

- "1. Write to the President and Attorney General Herbert Brownell WHETHER OR NOT you have written before.
- "2. Circulate the fact sheet and other material to everyone you know; urge them to write.
- "3. Help this committee reach tens of thousands more Baltimoreans by making a financial contribution. The committee exists only for one purpose to bring the truth of the Rosenberg Case to the larger number of people."

On July 8, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED]

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[REDACTED] b7D

V. SUBVERSIVE RAMIFICATIONS

A. Connection of the Organization with the Communist Party

On December 23, 1952, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that GERT SEIF, a Section Organizational Secretary, District 4, Communist Party [REDACTED] b7D

[REDACTED] Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that GEORGE MEYERS, Chairman, District 4, Communist Party, had instructed that the Communist Party in Baltimore should support the Rosenberg vigil at Washington, D. C., by having as many members as possible attend. b7D

On January 9, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that GERT SEIF [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] save the lives of the Rosenbergs. On January 15, 1953, [REDACTED] advised that GERT SEIF's Communist Party section had distributed 15,000 petitions for the Rosenbergs and that her group had responded very well in attending the vigil for the Rosenbergs in Washington, D. C. b7D

On January 16, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that District 4, Communist Party leaders had issued instructions that Communist Party members not already known as "progressives" should not appear on the picket lines in the Rosenberg vigil at Washington, D. C. b7D

On February 27, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that MAX GORDON, Staff member of the "Daily Worker" and "The Worker", [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] advised that GORDON stated that the "Daily [REDACTED]" b7D

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Worker" and the "Sunday Worker" are the only papers that give the true facts about the Rosenberg trial, and how they were framed and sentenced to die for a crime that they never committed. GORDON stated that the FBI and other government agencies, and even the Trotskyites, have planted agents within the Rosenberg Committee to disrupt its work and keep the facts from being presented to the people.

On February 19, 1952, Confidential Informant [redacted] advised that the [redacted]

[redacted] stated that each Communist Party group was to [redacted]

[redacted] make efforts to increase subscriptions to, and distribution of "The Worker" and "Daily Worker", East coast Communist newspapers. b7D

On February 17, 1953, Confidential Informant [redacted] advised that [redacted]

[redacted] it is the job of the Communist Party to go all out for the Rosenberg case and that the capitalists and war mongers are attempting to put the Rosenbergs to death because they hate the Communists and the Communists' protest against the death sentence. On March 3, 1953, [redacted] advised [redacted]

[redacted] that the Communist Party would continue to fight for the ROSENBERGS and that the Communist Party had friends in the government who will do everything to influence President EISENHOWER on the ROSENBERG issue. [redacted] also stated that Communist Party members must urge people to send telegrams and petitions on behalf of the ROSENBERGS to President EISENHOWER. b7D

On [redacted] Confidential Informant [redacted] advised that instructions had been received from the District Board, District 4, Communist Party, that all Communist Party members should work on the ROSENBERG case if doing so would not jeopardize their jobs and that each Communist Party section should organize a campaign of letters to the President asking for clemency for the Rosenbergs. On April 14, 1953, [redacted] advised [redacted]

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[REDACTED] b7D
On June 19, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] the vigil and conference for the ROSENBERGs at Washington, D. C., on June 14, 1953. On June 25, 1953, [REDACTED] advised [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] the June 14, 1953, meeting was an all-out drive to save the ROSENBERGs [REDACTED] b7D

On June 15, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that information was received in the Waterfront Section, District 4, Communist Party that the Communist Party was asking as many members as possible to go to Washington, D. C., on June 14, 1953, to demonstrate for clemency for the ROSENBERGs. b7D

On June 25, 1953, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised of the reaction of District 4, Communist Party leaders to the execution of the ROSENBERGs. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] stated that it was the fascist and Capitalistic war mongers that murdered these innocent people and that this was only one example of Hitlerism within the United States. He stated that the Communist Party showed its strength in the United States, but not enough in the Rosenberg Case, and that the reactionaries had to act fast and murder them because of the terrific fight the Communist Party was putting up. GERT SEIF stated that the lynching of the ROSENBERGs has focused the eyes of the rest of the world on the United States and that the Soviet Union and her satellite countries are not pleased about the frame-up and gangster style murder of the ROSENBERGs. She stated that the Communist Party is very angry about the Rosenberg Case and that under socialism the ROSENBERGs would have lived. [REDACTED] stated that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] the entire Rosenberg campaign was run by the Communist Party National Center at New York City. b7D

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On June 30, 1953; Confidential Informant [redacted] advised that the Communist Party's reaction to the execution of JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG was that they had been murdered. b7D

On July 8, 1953, Confidential Informant [redacted] advised that the District Board of District 4, Communist Party had accepted criticism for not acting in the Rosenberg Case any sooner than it did. Informant advised that GERT SEIF stated that it was not the fault of the National Office of the Communist Party because they did not want it known publicly that the ROSENBERGS had any Communist connections. She stated that when the lawyers could not win the case on its merits, the Party stepped in, but that it was too late to gain a stay of execution because the capitalists had already made up their minds to kill the ROSENBERGS. She stated, however, that the Communist Party gets credit for its ability to appeal to the masses and that over a million people responded to the Communist Party's campaign. b7D

[redacted] advised that the Communist Party plans to continue to work with the Rosenberg Committee and agitate regarding the innocence of the ROSENBERGS and to win amnesty for MORTON SOBELL.

[redacted] stated that the Communist Party has learned from the Rosenberg Case that a broad appeal to the people works most effectively.

B. Connection of Officers with the Communist Party and Other Subversive Organizations b7D

1. PAULINE BOYER

On May 21, 1952, [redacted]

[redacted] advised that PAULINE THAW whose married name was PAULINE PRINCE, was a member of the Communist Party and was active in the Young Communist League in Baltimore, Maryland, during the early 1930's. He also stated that PAULINE THAW was a member of the Communist Party assigned to the Chelsea District Communist Party, also known as the Third Assembly District of the Communist Party, in New York City and was active in the Young Communist League there. b7D

On May 22, 1953, [redacted] was reinterviewed and advised that PAULINE THAW had a only daughter named ANGELA. b7D

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It is noted that PAULINE BOYER's maiden name was PAULINE THAU, aka Paulina Thau, and that she has a daughter, named ANGELA, born December 10, 1935, of a previous marriage.

The Young Communist League has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

During July, 1951, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that he was unable to state whether PAULINE BOYER is, or is not, a Communist Party member. [REDACTED] has advised, however, that PHILIP BOYER, husband of PAULINE BOYER, was a member of the Communist Party during 1951 and attended Communist Party meetings.

During March, 1954, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that PAULINE BOYER attended numerous meetings of the Progressive Party of Maryland and the Maryland Peace Council during 1953 and 1954.

2. LILLIAN FINN

On May 2, 1947, [REDACTED] former reliable source of information for the FBI [REDACTED] advised that LIL FINN was the Secretary of the District 4 Communist Party May Day committee which maintained offices at 1019 West North Avenue, Baltimore, Maryland. b7D

On March 30, 1948, [REDACTED] a former reliable source of information for the FBI [REDACTED] District 4, Communist Party, at 1834 Pennsylvania Avenue, Baltimore, [REDACTED] identified LILLIAN FINN as Chairman of that Club. b7D

On April 11, 1950, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that LILLIAN FINN attended a meeting of District 4, Communist Party Club Chairmen held [REDACTED] b7D

On May 2, 1950, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that LILLIAN FINN attended the Third Session of the District 4, Communist Party Plenum held at 4402 Georgia Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C., on April 23, 1950. b7D

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On October 28, 1952, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that LILLIAN FINN was known to him as a Communist Party member. b7D

[REDACTED] b7D

3. LIBBY GOULD

During September, 1950, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that another individual known by informant to be a member of the Communist Party, had identified Dr. DAVID MARSHALL GOULD, husband of LIBBY GOULD, as a member of the Communist Party in Baltimore. b7D

On August 13, 1951, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that LIBBY GOULD was a member of the Civil Liberties Committee of the Progressive Party of Maryland and that this committee was appointed by the Progressive Party to raise bail money for the six Baltimore Communist Party leaders arrested for violation of the Smith Act. b7D

On August 22, 1951, [REDACTED] advised that LIBBY GOULD [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] was to raise funds for the defense of the six Communist Party leaders arrested in Baltimore for violation of the Smith Act, [REDACTED] b7D

On November 23, 1951, Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that LIBBY GOULD was one of the Baltimore delegation which attended the Middle Atlantic States Regional Conference of the Progressive Party held at the Adelphia Hotel, 13th and Chesnut Streets, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on November 17 and 18, 1951.

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C. Implementation of the Communist Party Line

Set forth below is a comparison of the Communist Party line concerning the Rosenberg Case as reflected in pertinent articles and editorials appearing in the "Daily Worker," "The Worker" and "Political Affairs," with statements contained in literature distributed by subject organization:

During the trial of the case of "United States vs. ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN, ETAL ", FLYNN testified on October 20, 1952, that "Political Affairs" has been the theoretical organ of the Communist Party since its beginning in 1945.

The sources of this literature, where not stated, have previously been set forth under Section III.

Communist Party Line

"The Supreme Court's refusal, with Justice BLACK dissenting, to review the death sentence of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, is a monstrous decision. It comes as a climax to a fraudulent prosecution by the Department of Justice and a trial rigged in an atmosphere of hysteria ..."

"The Rosenbergs, the first Americans ever to be given the death sentence in peace time on such charges, were the victims of a plot to whip up a war drive and promote repression and anti-Semitism here at home.

Organization Line

".... (2) The jury arrived at its verdict in the atmosphere generated by the introduction of the evidence as to Communism, an insurmountable obstacle to the defense in the present spirit of hysteria and fear: ..."

(Address by STEPHEN LOVE, Triborough Stadium, Randall's Island, New York Sunday, May 3, 1953)

".... They asked for clemency because the Rosenbergs are the first and only Americans ever sentenced to death on such a charge -- in peace time or war time"

("If you Knew...")

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Communist Party Line

"Even those who are not certain of the real facts in the case, are nevertheless horrified by the treatment given these two Jewish parents of small children. Virtually the entire Jewish community has condemned the savagery of the sentence.

Organization Line

".... The feeling is inescapable that the severe sentences would not have been passed had not this couple been members of a minority group. This feeling is bolstered by the fact that never before in the history of the United States has a Civil Court given a death sentence for espionage...."

(Reprint from the "Afro-American", 1/31/53)

"Nazis, who were landed on these shores during the war to spy for the enemy, were given sentences of 10 years. But the frame-up charge against Julius and Ethel Rosenberg was not in connection with an enemy but a country which was our war-time ally at that period. And they are sentenced to die!..."

(Editorial, "Daily Worker," 10/15/52, p. 1)

"....(13) The infliction of a death penalty upon the two defendants, one of whom is the mother of two small boys, is out of all proportion to the 10-year sentences imposed upon Axis Sally and Toyko Rose, traitors directly serving our enemies in time of our war with them, and to the 5 to 15 year sentences imposed upon the 4 men who sold vital Air Force secrets to Germany in the fall of 1941: ..."

(Address by STEPHEN LOVE, Triborough Stadium Randall's Island, New York, Sunday, May 3, 1953)

"... The truth is, Judge Kaufman denies any validity to the extenuating circumstance of our war-time alliance with Russia by citing as a precedent the case of the German spys and saboteurs who slipped into this country in

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Communist Party Line

Organization Line

1942. Few protests were heard, he says, against the execution after a military trial. He makes nothing of the fact that these spys were working for an enemy with which we were at war - our major enemy.

"He ignores completely a further fact which would demolish this precedent even were it a legitimate one. There were other German Saboteurs who slipped into the United States after the lot he refers to. They were also tried and sentenced to death. But they were not executed while the war lasted and when it ended and the problem of dealing with them arose, the sentence was commuted and they were sent to Federal prison. The complete story of the German spys would provide an excellent precedent for reducing, not confirming, the sentence against the Rosenbergs..."

("Mercy for the Rosenbergs,"
reprint from "The Nation",
1/10/53)

".... A death-sentence on the charge of 'conspiracy' has never before been meted out in the United States - in peace time or war time. The death penalty was 'justified' on the grounds that the alleged conspiracy was committed in war

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Communist Party Line

"No human beings with a spark of conscience can remain silent in face of the threatened cold blooded murder of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg.

"The whole judicial proceedings against them has been a terrible mockery. They were tried by headlines and hysteria ..."

("Samuel Sillen Assails Plot to Electrocute the Rosenbergs." Daily Worker, 10/16/52, p. 7)

Organization Line

time. However, the USSR was an ally during the war, not an enemy. None of those charged with Treason against the United States during World War II have been executed."

(Fact Sheet in the Rosenberg Case", page 7)

".... ONCE YOU LEARN THE FACTS, YOUR CONSCIENCE WILL FORCE YOU TO ACT and if only enough Americans learn these facts before the executioner acts, they will prevent this ultimate injustice to the Rosenbergs and this ultimate disgrace to our nation."

("...A Case on America's Conscience! Clemency Bulletin ...")

".... They have read the court record in the Rosenberg Case - and they fear the jury was influenced by newspaper stories and the general atmosphere of tension that exists today."

("If you Knew ...")

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Communist Party Line

"Commute the Death sentence!
The Rosenbergs Shall Not Die!"

(Editorial, Daily Worker,
11/19/52, p. 5)

Organizational Line

".... We appeal to your conscience
- THEY MUST NOT DIE WHILE DOUBT
REMAINS.

"Write - wire President Eisenhower
to reconsider! Commute the death
sentence!"

("The Electric Chair Can't
Kill the Doubts in the
Rosenberg Case")

c - - - - -

"The President should be urged
to act now!. Commute the
Rosenberg's death sentence!
Our country's honor and simple
justice demand it!"

(Editorial, Daily Worker,
11/30/52, p. 5)

".... NOW IS THE TIME TO ACT.
You can save their lives. We
urge you to write to President
again and ask him to reconsider
his decision...

"NOW! NOW! IS THE TIME TO ACT.
MAKE KNOWN YOUR VIEW TO THE
PRESIDENT. GET YOUR FRIENDS,
NEIGHBORS, CLUBS, UNIONS, CHURCH,
FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS TO DO THE
SAME"

(letter dated 2/12/53 from
the Baltimore Committee to
Urge Clemency for the
Rosenbergs)

- - - - -

".... The Defense of Ethel
and Julius Rosenberg last
month presented Federal Court
Judge Sylvester Ryan, 1,200
newspaper items printed during
the 13 months prior to and

".... These were introduced in
support of the government's
claim that the Rosenbergs were
'Communists' and were inclined
to commit espionage for Russia.

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Communist Party Line

including the Rosenberg trial. Each of these items either referred to the Rosenbergs as 'Soviet spies' or to the myth that 'Communists are spies' or to the unproved allegation that the Rosenbergs were members of the Communist Party.

"The press taught that 'Soviet spies' had 'stolen' what was called 'the atomic secret' a fraud which Judge Kaufman repeated from the bench when he said that the Rosenbergs were responsible for the Korean War."

(Daily Worker, 12/18/52, p.1, col. 4, "Judge Who Doomed Rosenbergs Frets About 'Fair Trial' for Goon." by Milton Howard)

Organizational Line

"But the government did not offer any more evidence to prove that the Rosenbergs were Communists than it did to prove that they were spys."

("Fact Sheet in the Rosenberg Case", p. 5)

".... Do you believe that the whole Korean War was actually started by these two people as the Judge said? Is it not fantastic? Is it not hysteria which convicted these two people who have at all times proclaimed their innocence?"

(letter dated 2/12/53 from the Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs)

".... We believe this crusade for clemency can be won as the hours tick by"

(Editorial, The Worker, 1/11/53, p. 1)

".... It is late - BUT NOT TOO LATE. The clock ticks away the lives of two people who are to die on the eve of their 14th wedding anniversary."

(letter dated 6/11/53 from Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs)

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Communist Party Line

"WITH DR. ALBERT EINSTEIN, the world's most noted atomic scientist, asking President Truman to save the lives of the Rosenbergs, this modern 'Dreyfus Case' takes on new meaning. It means that every honest American, every man and woman of good will, no matter who he is or what his policies may be, now faces a duty of conscience."

".... Will death solve this case? Will death contribute one iota to the security of the U. S.? Can death be recalled if new evidence, new facts, arise to support the Rosenbergs who reaffirm their innocence in the shadow of the electric chair?

".... Let all unions act now! Let the veil of fear be broken by the demands of conscience. Let every local, international, every individual member, wire or write to President Truman, visit Congressmen and Senators, write to and visit the local papers.

Organization Line

".... PROF. ALBERT EINSTEIN pleads for 'CLEMENCY' ..."

(letter dated June 11, 1953, from Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs)

".... Now President Truman must ask himself that question, and we profoundly hope he will find a different answer, otherwise his conscience and that of the American people will be heavily burdened."

("Mercy for the Rosenbergs,"
Reprint from "The Nation",
1/10/53)

".... (11) If Greenglass should recant his testimony, or the future more clearly show its utter falsity, a terrible and irreparable injustice would have been done;"

(Address by STEPHEN LOVE,
Triborough Stadium,
Randall's Island, N. Y.
Sunday, May 3, 1953)

".... The Appeal For Clemency Is Now Before the President.

" . Write or wire the President today, asking him to grant executive clemency and commute the death sentence of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg.

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Communist Party Line

For America's honor and her health as a nation, the Rosenbergs must not die! "

(Editorial, Daily Worker, 1/14/53, p. 1, col. 1)

"... If President Truman denies the plea, five days alone will watch with horror the first peace-time execution for alleged espionage in the history of the United States. The victims will be a mother and father of two small sons against whom there is not one single, not one solitary item, of tangible evidence in any shape or form.

".... THE WORLD is shocked. Top atomic scientists, like Dr. Albert Einstein and Dr. Harold Urey, flatly say that the government's story about an alleged 'atomic secret' and alleged transmission of this 'secret' to another power is simply not believable.

Organization Line

" . Have your local union send a request for clemency to the President."

("If you Knew ...")

".... No documentary evidence of any kind whatsoever was introduced to support the Greenglass story.

"Not a single photograph, photostat, sketch or carbon copy of the secret information that Greenglass claimed he turned over to the Rosenbergs was put into the records."

("Fact Sheet in the Rosenberg Case", Page 4)

".... The imposition of the death sentence for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg has shocked public opinion throughout the world because of its unwarranted severity."

("Appeal for Executive Clemency for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg")

".... Prof. Albert Einstein and Dr. Harold C. Urey, two of the top scientists in the world say they aren't convinced that the Rosenbergs are guilty.

("If you Knew")

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Communist Party Line

"But Millions more, who do not take a stand on their guilty or who ever are ready to accept the court's verdict, are still horrified that these two shall die, while proven and admitted traitors get jail sentences, and the Nazi killers of millions are pardoned almost every day under Washington's policy in West Germany.

"....Anti-Semites, labor-haters, and the most fascist-minded cliques in the country are savoring the blood of these two people in advance.

"'Make a deal,' cry the political police, copying the torture methods of the medieval screw and rack. 'The plain truth is that were innocent and have nothing to confess,' cry back the Rosenbergs with the purest courage and sincerity.

Organization Line

".... People like Prof. Harold C. Urey, atomic scientist, who said it was not possible for the Rosenbergs to have passed this 'secret' information since there was no secret attached to the scientific discovery of the atom bomb."

(Letter dated 2/12/53 from Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs)

".... Millions of Americans, through letters to the President, through prayers, special resolutions in their unions and fraternal organizations, churches and synagogues, have asked that the death sentence be commuted, - while taking no stand on the innocence or guilt of the Rosenbergs"

("If You Knew")

".... Why were the Rosenbergs sentenced to death at a time when we were showing leniency to traitors to our country? (Axis Sally and Toyko Rose got 10-year sentences). Our government forgave those who killed millions of Jews and murdered our boys in World War II! The Rosenbergs are the only Americans ever sentenced to death on this charge in the Federal Courts!..."

("Do Not Let the Rosenbergs Die!")

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Communist Party Line

".... Every hour counts now. Every message urging clemency, every delegation, every vigil, every phone call, will help to save the Rosenbergs and America's honor before the world. Wire to President Truman now as he prepares to leave office tomorrow noon."

(Editorial, Daily Worker,
1/19/53, p.1, col. 1)

Organization Line

".... In rejecting, 'now and forever more' the offer of the Government deal - clemency in return for admission of guilt and naming of names - the young couple states:

'By asking us to repudiate the truth of our innocence the government admits its doubt concerning our guilt. We will not help to purify the foul record of a fraudulent conviction and a barbaric sentence Our respect for truth and dignity is not for sale. History will record, whether we live or not, that we were victims of the most monstrous frameup in the history of our country.... If we are executed, it will be the murder of innocent people and the shame will be upon the government of the United States'"

(Confidential Informant T-1
on 6/8/53, PP of Md. letter
dated 6/4/53)

".... They asserted their absolute innocence of any crime as they do to this very day...."

("Fact Sheet in the
Rosenberg Case")

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Communist Party Line

"Once more the Rosenberg case is moving toward a climax."

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"But the moment is filled with danger for the Rosenbergs and for the American people. The clique which prepared the Rosenberg frameup is afraid that the truth is marching fast; that the clemency movement will stop the killings and thus enable the doomed couple to vindicate themselves as Tom Mooney vindicated himself. This clique in high places is prepared to murder the Rosenbergs in the hope of burying the case for good."

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"The time is growing short. Revive the campaign for clemency!"

(Editorial, Daily Worker,
4/6/53, p. 5)

Organization Line

"....The money you contribute will buy precious time for this couple and their two young sons...."

("Rally to the Defense
of the Rosenbergs!")

".... The fight to get Morton Sobell, innocent victim in this same frame-up out of Alcatraz, the fight to get him a new trial must go on...."

(Editorial, "Daily Worker"
6/29/53, p. 5)

".....Morton Sobell, the third defendant in the case and the father of two children, sits in a cell in Alcatraz under a living death sentence of thirty years. Sobell swears that he is completely innocent....."

"Morton Sobell must receive the full measure of justice that the Rosenbergs were denied. Justice to Sobell means the vindication of the Rosenbergs...."

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Communist Party Line

Organization. Line

A new trial would be a step toward guaranteeing that the injustice suffered by the Rosenbergs will never again stain the conscience of America.
...."

("America's Conscience
Speaks on the Rosenberg
Execution")

".... Now, many are turning to the astounding case of Morton Sobell, sentenced to 30 years in Alcatraz, as one of the defendants in the Rosenberg frame-up. As with Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, there never existed a single iota of evidence connecting Sobell in any way with spying, atomic or otherwise.

"So fragile was the 'link' cooked up against Sobell by even the lying government stoolie, Greenglass, that the death-hungry judge did not dare to doom him to die. But they doomed him to a living death. Now, many ask whether the shipping of Sobell to the notorious Alcatraz dungeons is not a new effort by the Washington authorities to torment Sobell into making the sordid deals - 'fingering' innocent people for the FBI -

".... The Rosenbergs were subjected to this type of third degree by electrocution; Sobell is getting it now by isolation in the nation's roughest prison with a life sentence to contemplate.

"Ethel and Julius Rosenberg died rather than 'cooperate'. But Sobell still lives and can still be saved.

"The Sobell case will be fought to the Supreme Court which, as Justice Hugo Black has said, 'has never reviewed this record and has never affirmed the fairness of the trial'...."

("Has an Innocent Man Been
Sentenced to Living Death
in Alcatraz because of
'A-Spy' Hysteria")

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Communist Party Line

as they tried to do with Ethel and Julius Rosenberg."

(Editorial, "Daily Worker",
7/1/53, p. 5)

Organization Line

"Sobell, a friend of the Rosenbergs, has now become the world-wide symbol of the campaign for their vindication. Like the Rosenbergs, he has persistently proclaimed his innocence."

(Daily Worker, 7/24/53,
p. 2)

".... Sobell swears that he is completely innocent....

"Morton Sobell must receive the full measure of justice that the Rosenbergs were denied. Justice to Sobell means the vindication of the Rosenbergs..."

("America's Conscience
Speaks on the Rosenberg
Execution.")

"Ethel and Julius Rosenberg were brutally murdered in an act of fascist violence by a ruling class that is desperate, in the face of rising forces of peace and democracy. The murderers of the Rosenbergs hoped they could intimidate the fight for peace and democracy by hurling into its face the murdered bodies of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg. But these rulers, who try to cover with brutality and arrogance their fear of the peoples of America and the world, were never more mistaken.

"Your country has fallen to the hands of the representatives of a social class which is scared out of its wits by the advance of the forces of progress and Democracy.

"That's why Ethel and Julius ROSENBERG died on the chair. They were innocent!

"THEY HAVE BEEN MURDERED!

"They were the victims of red-baiting, witch-hunting; HITLER also murdered democrats and jews whose only crime was to oppose

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Communist Party Line

"The Rosenbergs died innocent - heroes of democracy.

"They gave to America and to the world an example of heroism and self sacrificing patriotism which tore the mask off the vile frame-up concocted against them personally, and against the American people as a whole."

"....The truth about the Rosenberg case, their innocence, the ghastly forgeries of the prosecution, and the enormous impact which the Rosenbergs made in rousing the tidal wave of world protest, must now be brought to every union local, community, church and to the public generally. "

"National Committee, C.P.,
USA, "The Rosenbergs:
Heroes of Democracy",
"Political Affairs,"
7/53, p. 3)

Organization Line

his nazi-policy of preparing war.

"The murder of the ROSENBERGS was a plot to establish the reign of fascist terror, of MacCarthy to scare the people of America and break their resistance to the progress of fascism in the States.

"From every country in the world, protests against the murdering of Ethel and Julius ROSENBERG have reached Washington, from the French people in particular; the French People as a whole didn't cease begging for mercy and for a review of the Rosenberg case. The Rosenbergs have fallen, the victims of cold-blooded cruelty, the victims of a monstrous attempt to persuade you that a man is a spy because he opposes the policy of war-mongers.

"Now, we are going to fight to reestablish the name of the ROSENBERGS in public Esteem! "

("To the Seamen and Dock-Laborers of the U.S.")

P*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	MARTIN J. JONES	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	MARTIN J. JONES	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	MARTIN J. JONES	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	RUSSELL D. JONES	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	ROBERT G. EMOND & JOSEPH L. CROTTA	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	ROBERT G. EMOND & DONALD L. MILLER	[REDACTED]
T-30, BA 915-S*	Activities, Raised \$120	1/12/53		
	Activities, 6/18, 19/53	6/18, 19/53		
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	RUSSELL M. GWINN	[REDACTED]

b7D

(Deemed advisable)

(Deemed advisable)

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

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[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
DONALD L.
MILLER
[REDACTED]

T-34,
BA 923-S*

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5/10/53

5/53

Activities,
5/28, 29/53

5/27/53

Activities,
6/4/53

6/4/53

Activities,
6/14/53

6/12/53

Activities,
6/16/53

6/16/53

b7D

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
ROBERT D.
AMO
[REDACTED]

T-36,
BK-1898-S*

8/15.16/53

8/9/53

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
CHARLES A.
FERGUSON
[REDACTED]

(Deemed advisable)

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
THOMAS G.
RYAN
[REDACTED]

Requested)

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
JAMES H.
SANDUSKY
[REDACTED]

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T-39,
CS RA 8-S

Literature List

2/16/53

ROBERT L.
LANPHEARJOHN W.
LEYDEN

(Requested) Literature List

6/2/53

JOHN W.
LEYDEN

Literature List

6/17/53

JEAN W.
OWEN

Officers, 6/11/53

6/17/53

JEAN W.
OWEN

Unknown

(Requested)

Unknown

T-42,
BA 917-S*

2/16/53

2/16/53

ROBERT L.
LANPHEARROBERT L.
LANPHEAR

LEADS:

At Baltimore

Will follow and report future activities of subject organization.

REFERENCE: Report of S. DONALD E. MILLER, Baltimore, 3/13/53.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

74-09
AIRTEL

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION. APRIL 29, 1954

JH
Transmit the following message to: SAC, NEW YORK (100-107111)

NATIONAL ROSENBERG-SOBELL COMMITTEE, IS - C. RE CHICAGO AIRTEL
DATED APRIL 23, 1954, CAPTIONED "COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN
ROSENBERG-SOBELL CASE, IS - C," A COPY OF WHICH WAS DIRECTED TO
THE NEW YORK OFFICE. YOU SHOULD ALERT YOUR INFORMANTS TO KEEP
YOU FULLY ADVISED OF ALL PERTINENT DEVELOPMENTS RELATIVE TO THE
DEMONSTRATION BY THE CAPTIONED ORGANIZATION IN WASHINGTON, D. C.,
WHICH IS TENTATIVELY SET FOR JUNE 19, 1954. KEEP BUREAU ADVISED.

HOOVER

Bufile 100-387835

2cc - Chicago (100-25530)

100-107111-1463
9/ Jv
KMT

SENT VIA _____ M Per _____

SAC (100-15241)

4/29/54

SA DONALD L. MILLER

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG - SOBEL CASE

On April 24, 1954, RA 919-S* advised that PAULINE BOYER stated that there was to be a meeting at her home at 8 PM on April 25, 1954, with a speaker from the National Committee of the Rosenbergs.

At 7:45 PM on April 25, 1954, SA LOUIS S. LEAR and the writer instituted a physical surveillance of 1703 Gwynns Falls Parkway, Baltimore, the residence of PHILIP and PAULINE BOYER.

During the period from 7:45 PM to 12 midnight, agents observed activity in the vicinity of 1703 Gwynns Falls Parkway. It is noted that visibility was poor during part of this period inasmuch as the entrance to this residence was poorly lighted and it was raining. Tentative identifications below are set forth in parenthesis:

8:05 PM Woman, white, arrived on foot and entered.

8:06 PM Man, white, came out of house, stood on porch looking around and re-entered.

8:20 PM Aged stoop-shouldered man, white, in shirt sleeves arrived on foot and entered.

8:30 PM Woman, white, age 30-35, 5'3"-4", 140-145, short black curly hair, round face, dark horn rimmed glasses, black rain coat, arrived on foot from drug store at corner of

DLM:pla

cc

100-107111-1464

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 29 1954	
FBI - NEW YORK	

b7c

2 Newark (Rosenberg Committee, [redacted] (RM)
2 New York (Rosenberg Committee [redacted] (RM)

read by R/S
5/5/54
from
Buttlin

34 100-15241

Reisterstown Road and Gwynns Falls Parkway
and entered. (MARY ROBERTS)

- 8:33 PM Man and woman, white, arrived in 1950 Buick sedan, 1954 Maryland license AB 7462. Registered to HENRY GREENBERG, 4406 Towanda Avenue, Baltimore. (REE GREENBERG)
- 8:47 PM ANGELA BOYER arrived on foot carrying paper bag, apparently containing groceries.
- 8:58 PM Woman, white, age 35-40, 5'6", 145-150, dark hair, wearing short tan coat, arrived on foot and entered.
- 9:12 PM Three women, white; one very aged, feeble; arrived on foot and entered.
- 9:22 PM Two women, white, arrived in 1949 black Chevrolet sedan, 1954 Maryland license BE 23 12. Registered to VIVIENNE EDNA SHUB, 4100 Penhurst Avenue.
- 9:25 PM Man, white, 5'9", 190 lbs., in shirt sleeves, arrived in 1950 Packard, 1954 Maryland license BJ 1667. Registered to BENJAMIN FINO, 3105 Mondawmin Avenue, Baltimore.
- 9:30 PM Woman, white, light-colored short coat and dark slacks, arrived on foot.
- 9:45 PM MARSHALL JONES and woman, negro, short stocky, (Mrs. MARSHALL JONES) arrived by taxi and entered.

(Several additional license numbers of automobiles parked in the immediate vicinity of 1703 Gwynns Falls Parkway were also recorded but a check of registrations has revealed no pertinency to this investigation)

BA 100-15241

- 11:30 PM Driver of 1950 Packard mentioned above accompanied by MARSHALL JONES and colored woman (Mrs. MARSHALL JONES) exited and drove away.
- 11:35 PM Group of approximately seven people emerged and left on foot except for man and woman who arrived in 1950 Buick. The man and woman accompanied by a child departed in the aforementioned Buick.
- 11:55 PM Three women and a man emerged and drove away in the previously mentioned black Chevrolet.

Agents surveilled the black Chevrolet automobile to the Mt. Royal Hotel, Calvert Street and Mt. Royal where the man alighted and entered the hotel. This man is described as white, age 35, 5'8"-9", 150 lbs, medium build, straight black hair, heavy sideburns, fair complexion, sharp features, pointed nose, bare headed, dark suit.

A check of the records of the Mt. Royal Hotel through the cooperation of [REDACTED] revealed that one DAVID ALMAN, English Town, New Jersey, registered at the Hotel at 6 PM on April 25, 1954. b7D

DAVID ALMAN has been previously identified as the Executive Secretary of captioned organization.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, NY

FROM : JOSEPH V. WATERS, SA (100-107111)

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE FOR JUSTICE IN THE
ROSENBERG - SOBELL CASE
IS - C

DATE: 4/30/54

[REDACTED] orally advised SA
JOSEPH V. WATERS that [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] a party sponsored by the Washington Heights ROSENBERG -
SOBELL Committee, scheduled to be held on 5/8/54 at 592 Riverside Drive,
apartment 5-D, NYC, on the evening of that day. [REDACTED]

b7D

1 - NY [REDACTED]
1 - NY [REDACTED]

b7c
b7D

b7D

100-107111-1445

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
MAY 1 1954
FBI - NEW YORK

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, New York

DATE: May 5, 1954

FROM : Director, FBI

SUBJECT: NATIONAL ROSENBERG-SOBELL COMMITTEE,
also known as NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO
SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Re SAC Letter Number 53-72 relative to thumbnail sketches.

Bufiles fail to reflect the receipt of a thumbnail sketch from your office regarding the captioned organization. It is desired that an appropriate thumbnail sketch be submitted in the near future. This thumbnail sketch should, of course, be prepared in accordance with the provisions of SAC Letter Number 54-22.

100-107111-1466

1954

J. A. Harrington

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FORM NO. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

NEW YORK

FILE NO.

REPORT MADE AT SEATTLE, WASHINGTON	DATE WHEN MADE 3/4, 11, 18, 25; 4/7, 8, 13, 15, 16/54	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY ROBERT E. MASON	msd
TITLE NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE, Aka National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee			CHARACTER OF CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - C	

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

ROSENBERG DEFENSE Group continues to operate in the State of Washington, with one CAROLINE "KELLEY" CANAFAX of Seattle as the dominant figure. Since the death of the two ROSENBERGS, the extent of the Committee's activities has been reduced. Informants reveal that Communist Party members control the Committee in this area.

- P* -

DETAILS:

The period of activity covered in this report is from June 10, 1953, until February 20, 1954.

Confidential Informants utilized in this report are of known reliability, unless otherwise described.

I. GENERAL ACTIVITIES AND PRINCIPAL MEMBERS

Confidential Informant T-1 advised that

[REDACTED]

the President of the United States should be asked to grant clemency to both of

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
		100-107111-1467	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT		SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED FILED	FILE STAMPED
6 - Bureau (100-387835) (REG.) 3 - New York City (100-107111) (REG.) 1 - DIO, 13th ND (REG.) 1 - RO #3 (REG.) 1 - OSI, McChord Field (REG.)		6 MAY 8 1954 FBI - NEW YORK	FILE STAMPED 5/25/54

PROPRIETARY: (100-22197) Confidential report and its contents are loaned to you by the FBI and are not to be distributed outside of agency to which loaned.

SE 100-22197

the ROSENBERGS [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] a picket line scheduled for June 13, 1953, to be held in behalf of the ROSENBERGS in front of the Main Post Office in Seattle, commencing twelve noon that date. b7D

The Civil Rights Congress has been designated by the United States Attorney General pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

Confidential Informant T-2 [REDACTED]

T-2 has advised that on November 9, 1951, BARBARA SPWELL then [REDACTED] was known to be an active Communist Party member. b7D

T-2 has advised that [REDACTED] b7D

Confidential Informant T-3 has advised that as late as February 1954 LARY SUTHERLAND was known to be an active leading member of the Northwest District of the Communist Party, USA.

T-1 has indicated that [REDACTED] b7D

Dr. ALBERT V. FREEMAN has been identified by T-1 as one of those individuals present at many of the functions of Communist Party front organizations at Seattle since 1950 who has devoted considerable time and effort in furthering and espousing the causes of those organizations.

Confidential Informant T-4 was among those present [REDACTED] b7D

[REDACTED] b2D

Confidential Informant T-5 has advised that CAROLINE "KELLEY" CANAFAX, during the spring of 1953, was transferred from the position of South End Organizer, King County, Northwest District Communist Party USA, to the position of organizer of Communist Party activities in the West Seattle area of this district.

Confidential Informant T-6 has advised that letters dated June 19, 1953, addressed to "Dear Friend" and signed "Sincerely, DAVID ALMAN", appealing for amnesty for ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG, have been received by various individuals in the Aberdeen, Washington area, who are active in the Civil Rights Congress in that vicinity. These letters from the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case also requested contributions to the fund to care for the ROSENBERG children, and further, to vindicate MORTON SOBELL.

Confidential Informant T-7 [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] DAVID ALMAN, described as the Executive Secretary of the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case. According to the informant, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] ALMAN criticized the Government for allowing the ROSENBERGS to be executed. He alleged that the U. S. Government wanted to use the ROSENBERGS as a means of quieting "the people". b7D

Confidential Informant T-9, while [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b7D

SE 100-22197

T-9 has advised that the Northwest Citizens Defense Committee was formed for the purpose of obtaining funds and providing legal counsel to the defendants involved in the recent Smith Act trial at Seattle.

T-4 has advised that on September 29, 1953, while perusing a copy of the March 16, 1953, edition of the "People's China," an English language fortnightly publication published in Red China, identified thereon as "number 6, 1953," contained inside the cover of this magazine "as a large picture of JOSEPH V. STALIN, described as "the greatest genius of the present age." Page 30 of this magazine describes the ROSENBERGS' trial as a "frame up", indicating that because of it a wide-spread protest in China has developed.

T-4 has made available a copy of "People's China", which is identified as published by the Foreign Languages Press, 26 Kuo Hui Chieh, Peking, China, and described as a fortnightly magazine, editor LIU TSUN-CHI.

[REDACTED]

Confidential Informant T-10 advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b2D

T-1 has advised that MARY TILFON GIBSON attended at least three of the Communist Party meetings at Seattle in late 1950 and early 1951.

T-10 has advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

T-4 has advised that since Dr. ALBERT W. FREEMAN departed from the Seattle area during December 1953, the local Rosenberg-Sobell Committee has been unable to attract new members, and its success has been seriously limited. According to the informant, those principally active in the local committee in January 1954 were CAROLINE "KILLEY" CANAFAX and MARY GIBSON.

Confidential Informant T-11



b7D


According to Confidential Informant T-12, both ART and KELLY MINK registered with the Communist Party at Los Angeles for the year 1951. KELLY MINK held various section posts there in 1951, was advanced to the position of section organizer of the Eastern Division of the Los Angeles Committee, Communist Party.

In addition, Confidential Informant T-13 has advised that KELLY MINK joined the Communist Party in 1940.

The "People's World", Northwest Edition, dated February 12, 1954, page 2, column 4, carried an article captioned "Smorgasbord Dinner," indicating that chamber music will follow a smorgasbord dinner in behalf of the campaign for a new trial for MORTON SOBELL, described therein as an "imprisoned victim of the ROSENBERG atom spy frame-up." It was indicated that this affair will take place Saturday, February 20, 1954, at 708 Hamlin Street in Seattle, according to the Washington ROSENBERG-SOBELL Committee.

The "Daily People's World" is the West Coast mouthpiece of the Communist Party, according to the California Committee on Un-American Activities in their 1948 report, page 342.

The Washington State Executive Board of the Communist Party in the "People's World," Northwest Edition, Friday, April 2, 1954, in an article found on pages 3 and 6, captioned "Communists urge People's World Drive Speed", called upon "Every communist and every communist committee and club" to give full support to the "Daily People's World," 1954 circulation drive.

T-11  a dinner sponsored by the Washington Rosenberg-Sobell Committee held on February 20, 1954, at 708 Hamlin Street in Seattle. MARY GIBSON and CAROLINE "KELLEY" CANAFAX were the principal speakers making separate appeals for support and activities in behalf of SOBELL and also for the ROSENBERG children.

II. AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

Confidential Informant T-14 advised that a national conference was held at Chicago on October 10 and 11, 1953, this conference having been called by the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case. On October 11, 1953, this organization created the National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee. The latter organization is to utilize the same offices at 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York City, formerly occupied by the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case. According to the informant it was announced that messages had been received from various cities where committees have been started but which could not afford to send delegates. Seattle was one of the cities so identified.

According to the informant, a mimeographed form was sent out by the National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee about October 19, 1953, purporting to be an abbreviated form of the program adopted at the conference, and included the following:

"PROGRAM ADOPTED

BY THE NATIONAL ROSENBERG-SOBELL CONFERENCE

IN CHICAGO, OCTOBER 10-11, 1953

- "1 - A broad educational campaign on the Rosenberg-Sobell case, implemented by the distribution of one million pieces of literature in the next six months, shall be carried out so that the facts will be brought to all sections of the American people.
- "2 - Circulation of an Amicus Brief, to be signed by prominent persons throughout the country, to be presented to the courts in behalf of Morton Sobell. Other groups should be encouraged to circulate similar briefs.
- "3 - The incarceration of Morton Sobell in Alcatraz is cruel and unusual punishment, and makes it impossible for him to consult properly with his legal counsel. Therefore, a demand should be raised that he be transferred from Alcatraz pending outcome of legal appeals.
- "4 - We direct that the new National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee be charged with the responsibility of working out the best methods of legal support for Sobell's fight in the court.
- "5 - A detailed report of the conduct of the U. S. Attorney General's Office in the Rosenberg-Sobell case should be circulated to all committees and inter-

ested individuals to the end that, in the near future, a call can be made for an investigation of those responsible for this improper conduct.

T-10 advised that the Rosenberg-Sobell Committee

- 7 -

b7D

b7D

The "Vancouver Province," a daily newspaper at Vancouver, B.C., Canada, in the issue dated December 18, 1953, page 3, column 6, captioned "ROSENBERG Trust Fund Aid Asked," carried the announcement that EMANUEL BLOCH, attorney for ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG, asked an audience at Vancouver, B.C., to join in setting up a trust fund for the ROSENBERG children. "The ROSENBERGS never concealed their political philosophy. They were progressives and proud of it," is one of the remarks credited to Mr. BLOCH by this newspaper.

III. FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Confidential Informant T-15 has furnished information concerning the identity of various contributors to subject organization. According to this informant, Dr. ALBERT V. FREEMAN, during the month of May 1953, was the chief contributor to the committee, having contributed \$26.00 in his name in that period.

T-15 further has advised that during July 1953 SARAH A. HESSE contributed \$7.00 to the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, and JOSEPHINE H. PATRICK had contributed \$5.00. In addition, during September 1953 SARAH A. HESSE contributed \$29.00 and Dr. ALBERT V. FREEMAN contributed \$10.00 to subject organization.

Confidential Informants T-15 and T-17 have advised that JOSEPHINE PATRICK was a member of Branch 370 of the King County, Northwest District, Communist Party USA, during late 1943.

SE 100-22197

Confidential Informant T-18 has identified SARAH HESSE as the wife of SIEGFRIED HESSE. Mr. SIEGFRIED HESSE has been identified by T-18 as one of the attorneys at Seattle consistently retained by the Communist Party at Seattle and currently one of the legal counselors in the appeal being conducted by persons recently convicted under the Smith Act at Seattle.

Confidential Informant T-19 has made available a leaflet on the letterhead of the Washington Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, signed in the name of CAROLINE CANAFAX, which leaflet states that copies of the verbatim transcript of the ROSENBERG trial are for sale at the price of \$5.00 for a complete edition; also that "Death House Letters" of ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG are selling at \$1.00 each.

- P -

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGEInformants

<u>Identity of Source</u>	<u>Date of Activity and/or Description of Information</u>	<u>Date Received</u>	<u>Agent To Whom Furnished</u>	<u>File No. Where Located</u>
T-1 is [REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	6-15-53	Robert E. Mason	[REDACTED]
	[REDACTED]	6-15-53	Robert E. Mason	[REDACTED]
	Characterization [REDACTED]	11-3-53	Robert E. Mason Robert E. Mason	[REDACTED]
	Characterization [REDACTED]			
T-2 is [REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	6-15-53	Joseph P. MacFarland J. Morton Arnold	[REDACTED]
	Characterization [REDACTED]		F. Willard Ralston	[REDACTED]
T-3 is [REDACTED]	Characterization [REDACTED]		Steve S. Carter & Robert E. Mason	[REDACTED]
T-4 is [REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	6-19-53	Robert E. Mason	[REDACTED]
	9-29-53	9-30-53	Robert E. Mason	[REDACTED]
	Characterization "PEOPLE'S CHINA"		Robert E. Mason	[REDACTED]
	1-10-54	2-1-54	Robert E. Mason	[REDACTED]
T-5 is [REDACTED]	Characterization [REDACTED]		Ray W. Richardson	[REDACTED]
T-6 is [REDACTED]	6-20-53	6-25-53	Robert S. Bugbee	[REDACTED]
T-7 is [REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	7-28-53	Robert H. Wick	[REDACTED]
T-8 is [REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	8-7-53	John L. Ketcham	[REDACTED]

b7D

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T-9 is [REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	11-6-53	David A. Mac-Culloch David A. Mac-Culloch	[REDACTED]
	Characterization N.H. Citizens De- fense Committee			
T-10 is [REDACTED]	11-13-53	11-19-53	Robert J. Barry	[REDACTED]
	[REDACTED]	2-4-54	Robert J. Barry	[REDACTED]
	11-21-53	11-24-53	Robert J. Barry	[REDACTED]
T-11 is [REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	2-9-54	William R. Mark- ham	[REDACTED]
	2-20-54	2-26-54	William R. Mark- ham	[REDACTED]
T-12 is [REDACTED]	Characterization of [REDACTED]		Timothy L. Don- ovan & Donald V. Gibbs	b7D
T-13 is [REDACTED]	Characterization [REDACTED]		George H. Asdell	
T-14 is CG5923-S*	10-10, 11, 19-53	10-10, 11, 19-53		
T-15 is [REDACTED]	Refer to NY letter to Director dated 8-14-53 (SE 100-22197-27)			
[REDACTED] Chase Nat. Bank, who requested NY office keep his identity protected.	Refer to NY letter to Director dated 11-23-53 (SE 100-22197-31)			
T-16 is [REDACTED]	Characterization [REDACTED]		Joseph P. Mac- Farland	
T-17 is [REDACTED]	Characterization [REDACTED]		John Furrh	
T-18 is [REDACTED]	Characterization [REDACTED]		Robert E. Mason	
T-19 is [REDACTED]	10-2-53	10-5-53	SAC R.D. AUERBACH 100-22197-300	
[REDACTED]	who requested his identity be kept confidential.			

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LEADS

SEATTLE DIVISION

At Seattle, Washington

The operations and activities of subject organization at Seattle will be followed until information has been received of its dissolution.

REFERENCE: R port of SA ROBERT E. MASON at Seattle, Washington, dated July 10, 1953.